

SOLAR AND ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM

**PERMITTING &
INSPECTION GUIDELINES**

**FOR PERMITTING AND INSPECTING
ENERGY STORAGE OR COMBINED SOLAR
AND ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEMS IN SINGLE
FAMILY & DUPLEX HOMES**

**2017 NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE (NEC),
2018 INTERNATIONAL RESIDENTIAL CODE (IRC) AND
2018 INTERNATIONAL FIRE CODE (IFC)**

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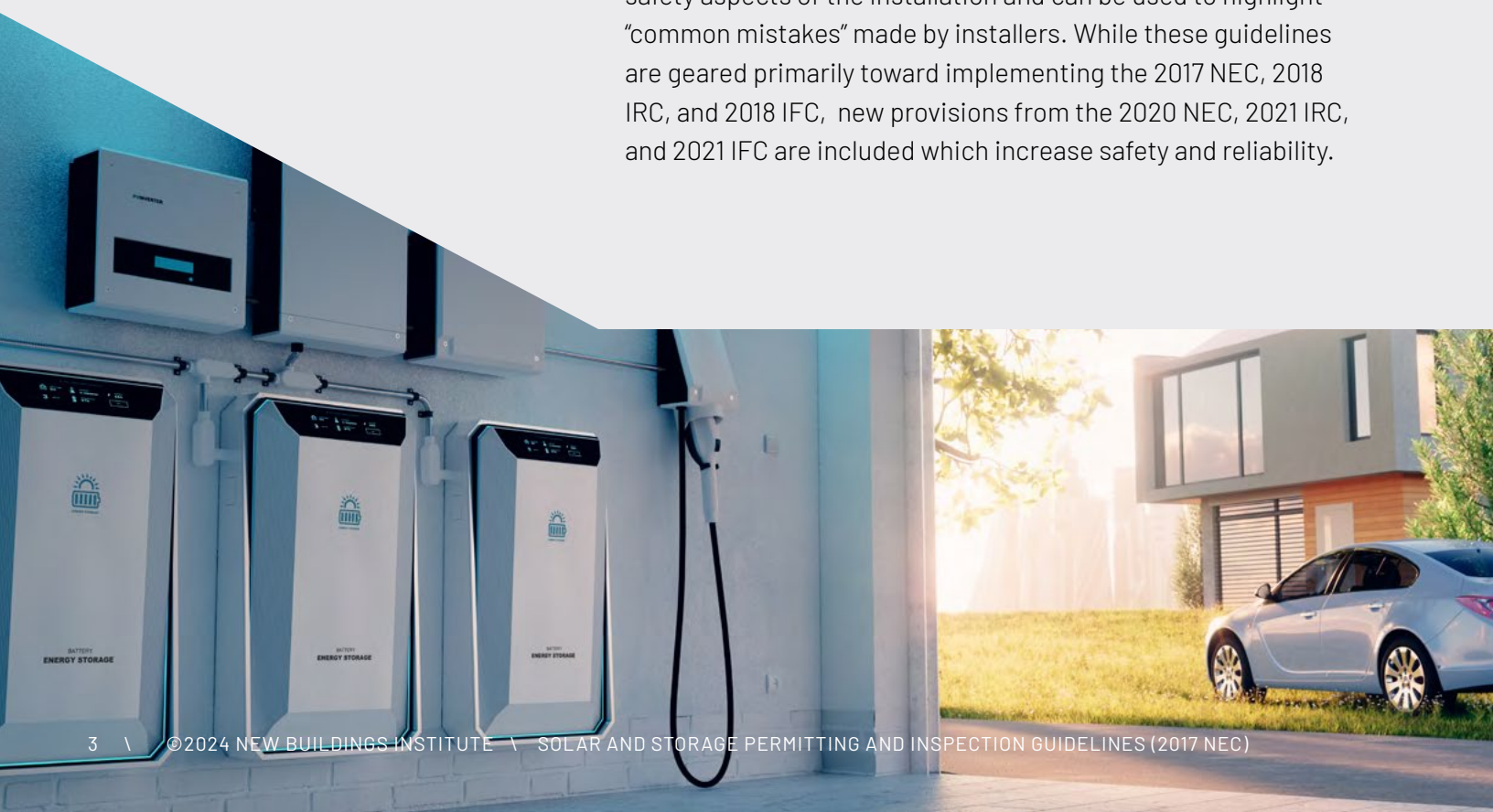
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The solar and energy storage criteria in this guideline is based on SolSmart’s National Simplified Residential PV and Energy Storage Permit and Inspection Guidelines. For more information about SolSmart, a program intended to provide no-cost technical assistance to jurisdictions who want to make it faster, easier and more affordable for their communities to go solar visit: www.solsmart.org. The SolSmart guide is supported by the Department of Energy and Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy (EERE), under Award Number DEEE0007155.

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INTRODUCTION

More and more, buildings are incorporating energy storage systems with photovoltaic systems to both provide a backup power source to a building and reduce utility bills. This is a new aspect of building operations that a growing number of jurisdictions will need to address. This guide provides an overview of code requirements for the installation of energy storage systems (ESS) and combined solar and energy storage system installations. By providing a specific and replicable list of permitting and inspection requirements, local jurisdictions can reduce informational barriers and help ensure the design and installation of solar and energy storage are consistent and code-compliant. This guide references the most applicable requirements for the 2017 National Electrical Code (NEC), the 2018 International Residential Code (IRC), and the 2018 International Fire Code (IFC). Not all requirements are covered by these checklists, but they do include the most important life and safety aspects of the installation and can be used to highlight “common mistakes” made by installers. While these guidelines are geared primarily toward implementing the 2017 NEC, 2018 IRC, and 2018 IFC, new provisions from the 2020 NEC, 2021 IRC, and 2021 IFC are included which increase safety and reliability.



HOW TO USE THIS GUIDE

Read this guide for an overview of code requirements for the installation of energy storage systems (ESS) and combined solar and energy storage system installations. The process described in this guide can be adopted as-is, used as a reference, or adapted to incorporate specific local requirements. Designers, contractors, and building owners can use this guide to gain an understanding of what to expect in the permitting and inspection processes.

Jurisdictions and building departments can use this guide as a starting point for conducting a plan review and inspection for solar and energy storage installations. When adopting or adapting this guide, departments and their permit applicants are advised to reference all applicable local codes and requirements, including different cycles of the referenced codes as needed.

The replicable lists of permitting and inspection requirements in this guide can be used to reduce informational barriers and help ensure the design and installation are consistent and code-compliant. Any department implementing a new permitting and inspection process based on this guide is advised to provide communication, coordination, and education to key stakeholders in order to support successful implementation, including, but not limited to, the following:

- Communicate intentions with the utility company.
- Inform the Fire Department of any changes.
- Provide training to plan reviewers.

This guide has limitations on its intended use, including the following:

✘ This solar and storage permitting and inspection guide does not include requirements for any service upgrades or other electrical work. If the required load calculation demonstrates a service upgrade is needed, this streamlined permitting and inspection guide cannot be used to determine code compliance of the service upgrade.

✘ The electrical requirements in this guide primarily focus on the requirements in Article 625: Electric Vehicle Power Transfer System of the National Electrical Code.

✘ This solar and storage permitting and inspection guide does not include requirements for indoor installation of infrastructure for EV batteries that require additional ventilation, including flooded lead-acid or nickel-iron batteries.

✘ Where electrical service or metering upgrades are required, another permit may be required before this guide can be followed.

Additional general electrical requirements detailed in chapters one through four of the National Electrical Code also apply but are not listed throughout this guide. These include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Electrical equipment is installed in a neat and workmanlike manner. (NEC 110.12)
- Electrical connections of the circuit conductors and equipment grounding conductor connections are secure. (NEC 110.14. 250.148(A))
- Installed branch circuit wiring is properly secured, supported, and routed to prevent physical damage. (NEC 300.11)

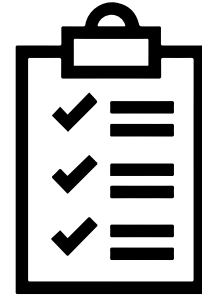
PERMIT APPROVAL REQUIREMENTS

- ☑ This permitting and inspection guide is only applicable to the installation of the following applications:
 - Lithium-ion energy storage systems
 - Energy storage systems with total maximum energy capacity on site of 600kWh
 - Energy storage systems installed with simple solar systems meeting SolSmart criteria that are less than 15kW consisting of no more than 2 series strings per inverter and no more than 4 source circuits in total per inverter.
- ☑ Standard electrical diagrams are provided in Appendix B and can be used to accurately represent the ESS or combined ESS and PV installations. If the electrical system is more complex than the standard electrical diagram can effectively communicate, the project does not meet the requirements for a simplified permit application and additional information may be necessary for the jurisdiction to process the permit application.
- ☑ This permitting and inspection guide does not include any service upgrades or other electrical work. If the load calculations demonstrate a service upgrade is needed, this permitting and inspection guide cannot be used to determine compliance with code requirements for a service upgrade.

"National Simplified Residential PV and Energy Storage Permit Guidelines." SolSmart, <https://solsmart.org/resources/national-simplified-residential-pv-and-energy-storage-permit-guidelines/>



PERMIT SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS



TO APPLY FOR A PERMIT, SUBMIT THE FOLLOWING:

1) Permit application¹ (see Appendix A), which includes basic information about the project, location, and installer.

2) Site plan (see Appendix B) drawn to scale showing:

- a) Location of PV array and ESS components on the property
- b) Primary use of the space or area where the ESS will be installed
- c) ESS spacing
- d) PV and ESS setback and access pathways
- e) Fire detection, and fire suppression systems if applicable
- f) Mounting details (quantity and location of structural attachments and flashing method)

3) A standard electrical line diagram (see Appendix B) that accurately indicates:

- a) PV array configuration (if applicable)
- b) ESS components
- c) Conductors, cables, and conduit types, sizes, and markings
- d) Type and size rating of overcurrent protection and disconnects
- e) Inverters
- f) Required signs
- g) Connection to the premises wiring system, and
- h) Location of additional meters, main electrical service panel, distribution panels or subpanels

4) Specification sheets and installation manuals for all major system components including: ESS and PV components, inverters, mounting systems, PV modules, and DC-to-DC converters.

5) Documentation showing that ESS meets utility interconnection requirements.

¹ Jurisdiction can fill this text box with link to their own permit application. A sample permit application is shown as Appendix A to this guide.

GENERAL INSTALLATION GUIDE

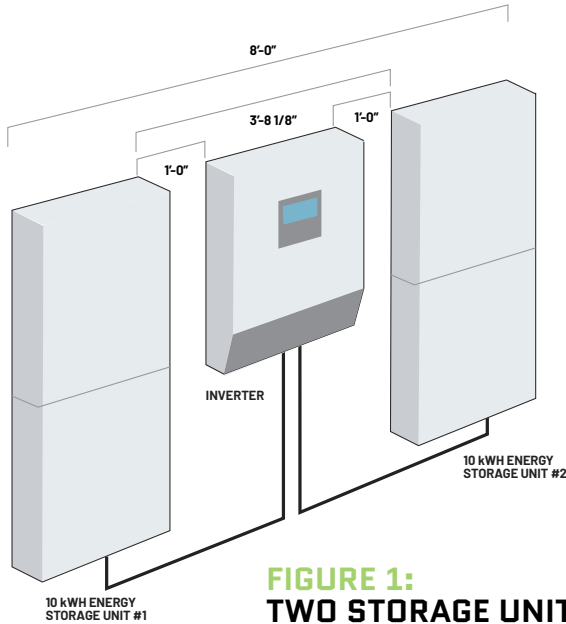


FIGURE 1:
**TWO STORAGE UNITS
COMPLYING WITH 3
FOOT SEPARATION**

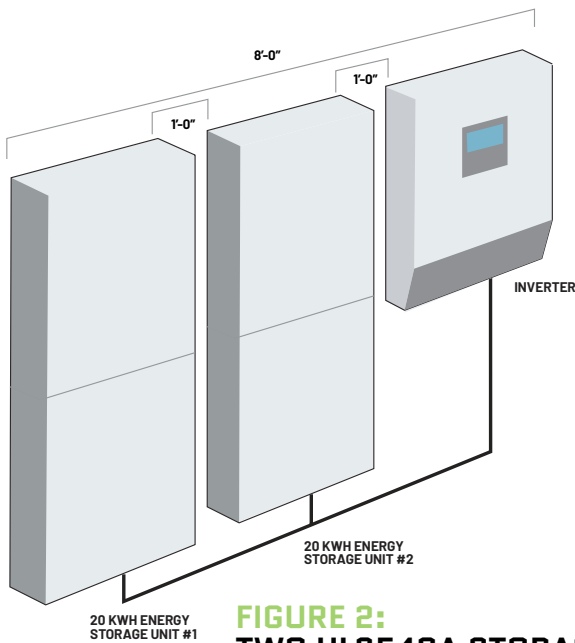


FIGURE 2:
**TWO UL9540A STORAGE
UNITS COMPLYING
WITH MANUFACTURER
INSTRUCTIONS**



ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

- 1 ESS is listed to UL9540 or UL9540a by a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL). 1206.2.10.1
- 2 ESS is listed to UL1973. (NEC 706.5)
- 3 Inverters are certified to UL1741. (NEC 690.4(B))

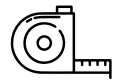


ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

- 4 ESS is installed according to manufacturer installation instructions. (NEC 110.3(B))
- 5 All work is done in a neat and workmanlike manner. (NEC 110.12)
- 6 Access and working space for ESS equipment such as ESS units, battery units, inverters, disconnecting means, and panelboards is adequate. Working space is at least 30 inches in width, 6.5 feet in height, and 4 feet in depth or the width, height, and depth of the equipment, whichever is greater. (NEC 110.26)
- 7 Grounding/bonding of ESS units, battery units, inverters, conduit and other electrical equipment according to the NEC and manufacturer's instructions. (NEC 110.14, 250.148(A), NEC 110.3(B))
- 8 The individual ESS units are no larger than 20kWh. (2021 IRC R328.5)
- 9 ESS units that are UL9540 certified are separated by 3 feet. (2021 IRC R328.3.1, 2021 IFC 1207.5.1)
- 10 Energy Storage Systems that are UL9540a certified are grouped and separated according to manufacturer instructions. (IRC R327.3, 2021 IFC 1207.5.1, NEC 110.3(B))

FIGURE 3: LARGE SCALE FIRE TESTED LABEL





ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM SIZE LOCATION REQUIREMENTS

- 11** Each ESS unit meets one of the size and location limitations shown below: (2021 IRC R328.4, 2021 IRC R328.5)
 - a) 80 kWh in attached garages separated from the dwelling unit living space with 1/2" gypsum board between garages and residence or attics and 5/8" Type X gypsum between garage and habitable room above garage. If sheetrock rating of homes built under a code older than the 2009 IRC cannot be verified, sheetrock is installed to meet this requirement (2021 IRC R302.6)
 - b) 80 kWh on exterior walls a minimum 3 feet (914 mm) from doors and windows directly entering the dwelling unit. There is no restriction on how close an ESS unit can be to windows or doors entering a garage because the garage is not considered part of the dwelling unit
 - c) 40 kWh within utility closets, basements, and storage or utility spaces with finished or noncombustible walls and ceilings. Walls and ceilings of unfinished wood-framed construction shall be provided with minimum 5/8" Type X gypsum
 - d) 80 kWh in detached garages and detached accessory structures
 - e) 80 kWh outdoors on the ground a minimum 3 feet from doors and windows directly entering the dwelling unit. There is no restriction on how close an ESS unit can be to windows or doors entering a garage because the garage is not considered part of the dwelling unit
- 12** ESS is protected from vehicular impact by one of the following: (IRC 328.8, IFC 1207.4.5)
 - a) Installed in a location not subject to vehicular impact such as on a side wall or 4' above floor level or
 - b) Guard posts located 6 inches or more away from the ESS
 - c) Wheel barriers anchored in place located 4.5 feet or more away from the ESS
 - d) Other barriers where approved
- 13** Smoke alarms are installed in dwelling units and basements in which ESS is installed. (IRC R328.7, IRC R314)
- 14** For ESS installed in unconditioned indoor spaces such as dwelling units and attached garages that can exceed the temperature limits of smoke alarms (32°F-100°F), heat alarms are installed. (IRC R328.7)

The following figure illustrates the effect that the location limitations have on an ESS on the outside wall of a residence or on the inside wall of an attached garage. The green highlighted area depicts zones that meet the location limitations for outside walls in this guideline

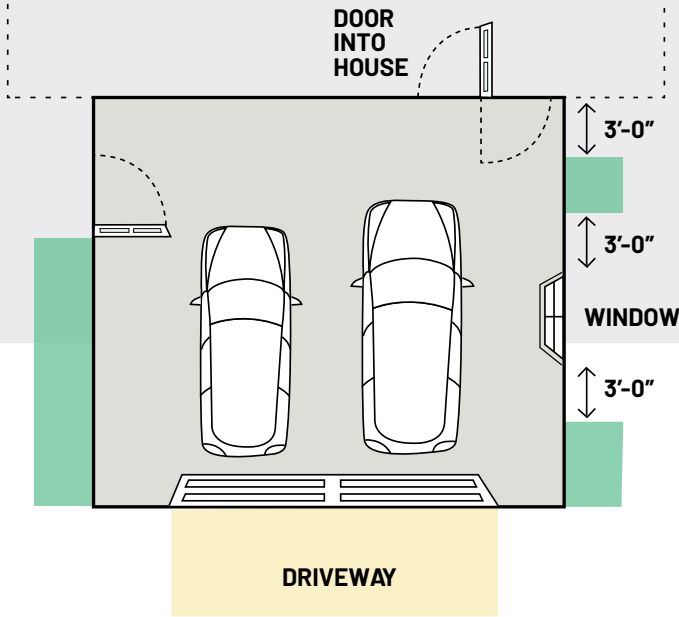


FIGURE 4:
ESS MOUNTING
OPTIONS ON HOUSE AND
ATTACHED GARAGE EXTERIOR

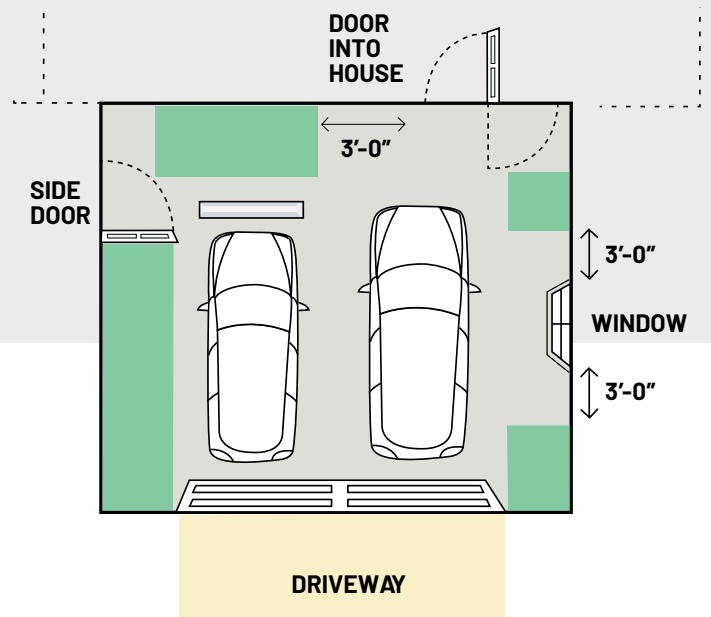


FIGURE 5:
ESS MOUNTING
OPTIONS INSIDE ATTACHED
GARAGE

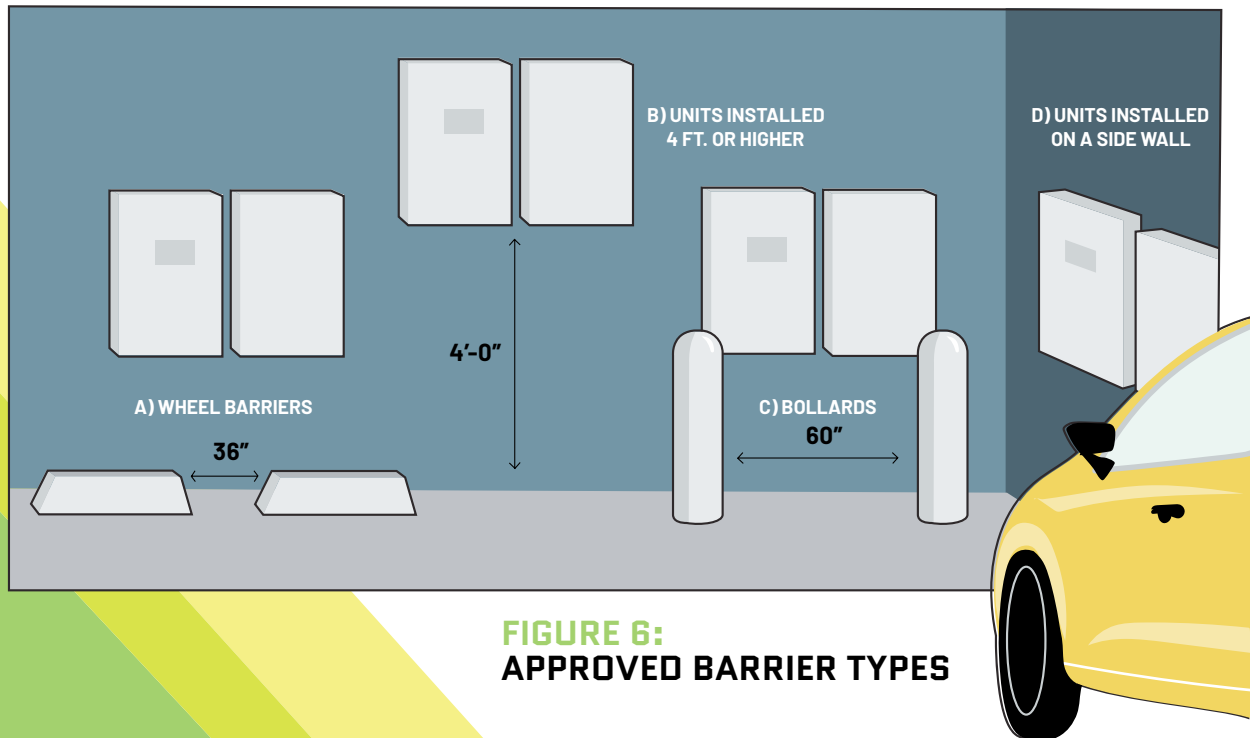


FIGURE 6:
APPROVED BARRIER TYPES



PHOTOVOLTAIC AND ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM INTERCONNECTION REQUIREMENTS

- 15** The inverter installation meets the requirements of one of the items below: (NEC 705)
- A) Supply-side connection complies with the following: (2020 NEC 705.11)
 - a) The sum of the power source continuous current output rating on a service does not exceed the capacity of the service conductors (2020 NEC 705.11(A))
 - b) The power source output circuit conductors to the first OCPD device are no smaller than 6AWG copper and sized at 125% of maximum current or maximum current with adjustment and correction factors (2020 NEC 705.11(B), 705.28)
 - c) Power source output circuit conductors are protected by an OCPD (2020 NEC 705.11(C), 705.30)
 - d) When power source output circuit conductors make a connection to service outside the building, OCPD are located in a readily accessible location outside the building or where the power source conductors enter the building (2020 NEC 705.11(C))
 - e) When power source output circuit conductors make their connection to the service inside a building, OCPD are either within 10 feet of conductor length in dwelling units and 16.5 feet in other than dwelling units from the point of connection to the service or located within 71 feet of conductor length from the point of connection to service (2020 NEC 705.11(C))
 - B) Load-side connection complies with the following:
 - a) Each source interconnection is made at a dedicated circuit breaker or fusible disconnecting means (NEC 705.12(A))
 - b) The bus amp meets the 120% busbar rating
 - C) Load-side Power Control Systems that use controls to prevent overcurrent of equipment are listed to UL1741 CRD and shall comply with the following:
 - a) Each source interconnection is made at a dedicated circuit breaker or fusible disconnecting means (2020 NEC 705.13(A))
 - b) The bus amp meets the 120% busbar rating allowance in a building. Table 1: AC Interconnection Options below displays several AC Interconnection options (2020 NEC 705.13(B))
 - c) Equipment containing OCPD is marked to indicate the presence of all sources (2020 NEC 705.13(C))
 - d) Fused disconnects are suitable for backfeed. Circuit breakers must either not be marked "line" or "load" or be specifically rated for backfeed (2020 NEC 705.13(D))
 - e) Circuit breakers backfed from power sources that are interactive do not need a fastener (2020 NEC 705.13(E))
 - D) Load-side distribution equipment listed to combine sources and supply loads

Maximum Inverter Current	Required Inverter OCPD Size *	Minimum Conductor Size (Copper) in Conduit	Minimum Busbar/ Main Breaker Combinations Busbar Amps/Main Amps
64 Amps	80 Amps	4 AWG	400/400; 200/150
56 Amps	70 Amps	4 AWG	225/200; 250/225
48 Amps	60 Amps	6 AWG	300/300; 200/175
40 Amps	50 Amps	8 AWG	125/100; 150/125
32 Amps	40 Amps	8 AWG	225/225; 200/200; 150/125
24 Amps	30 Amps	10 AWG	150/150
16 Amps	20 Amps	12 AWG	100/100; 70, 60**
12 Amps	15 Amps	12 AWG	80/80**

**TABLE 1:
AC
INTERCONNECTION
OPTIONS**

* Overcurrent Protection Device (OCPD)
** Minimum service rating is 100A for a one- or two-family dwelling



PV SYSTEM ELECTRICAL CODE INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

- 16** All work done in a neat and workmanlike manner. (NEC 110.12)
- 17** Access and working space is provided for PV equipment such as inverters, disconnecting means, and panelboards (not required for PV modules). (NEC 110.26)
- 18** Exposed cables are properly secured, supported, and routed to prevent physical damage.
- 19** Grounding/bonding of rack, modules, inverter(s), and other electrical equipment according to the manufacturer's instructions. (NEC 110.3(B))
- 20** PV system markings, labels, and signs according to the NEC. (NEC 690.13(B), 690.53, 690.54, 690.56)
- 21** Major electrical components including PV modules, DC-to DC converters, and inverters are identified for use in PV systems.
- 22** Inverters are listed as utility-interactive in accordance with UL 1741.
- 26** The maximum PV DC system voltage for a single-family home or duplex is limited to 600Vdc. Use either the checklist shown below or methods described in 690.7(A)(1) or 690.7(A)(3) to ensure the system is designed and connected so that 600Vdc is not exceeded on the average coldest day of the year. (NEC 690.7)
 - a) ASHRAE Extreme Annual Mean Minimum Design Dry Bulb Temperature (one source is <https://energyresearch.ucf.edu/solar-certification/solar-reference-map/>); Table 690.7(A)(NEC) value _____
 - b) Max module Voc (adjusted at minimum temperature): Rated Voc _____V x Table 690.7(A) value= _____V
 - c) DC-to-DC converter(s) or microinverter rated maximum input voltage: _____V (must be greater than Max module Voc in (b.))
 - d) Maximum number of DC-to-DC converters allowed in series (up to 600Vdc): _____
 - e) Maximum number of DC-to-DC converters allowed in series (up to 600Vdc): _____
 - f) Inverter(s) rated maximum input voltage: _____V (must be greater than g. below)
 - g) Inverter input max V: Max module Voc (b.) _____V x max # in series= _____V

Grid Support Utility Interactive Non Isolated Photovoltaic Inverter	
Operating Voltage Range	270 – 480Vdc
Max Input Current	10.5A _{dc}
Max Continuous Output Power	3300Wac @ 208V 3800Wac @ 240V
Voltage Min – Nom – Max	183 – 208 – 229V _{ac} 211 – 240 – 264V _{ac}

FIGURE 7: UTILITY INTERACTIVE INVERTER LISTING

- 23** PV panel systems and array mounting systems are listed and identified with a fire classification in accordance with UL 2703. (NEC 690.43(A))



FIGURE 8: UL2703 LISTED GROUNDING DEVICE

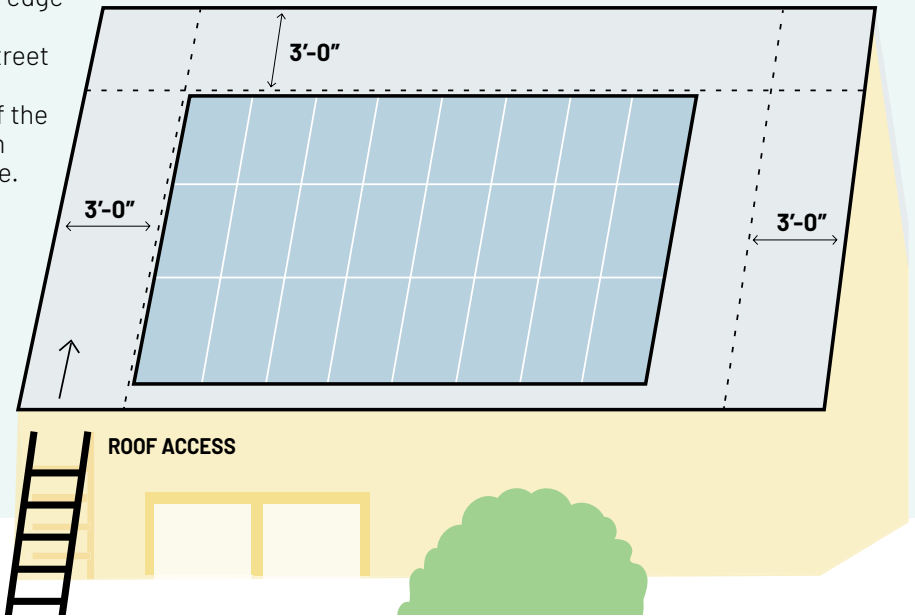
- 24** PV Modules are listed as UL 1703, UL 61730-1, or UL 61730-2. (NEC 690.43(A))
- 25** The PV array consists of no more than 2 series strings per inverter input and no more than 4 source circuits strings in total per inverter.
- 27** PV system circuits on buildings meet requirements for controlled conductors.
 - a) Controlled conductors more than one foot from the array are capable of being shutdown to below 30 volts within 30 seconds
 - b) PV array wiring within the array are either listed to the PV Hazard Control product safety standard (UL3741) or limited to not more than 80 volts within 30 seconds of rapid shutdown initiation. (NEC 690.12)
- 28** The PV System disconnecting means is sized for the maximum short circuit current and voltage and installed in a readily accessible location. (NEC 690.13(A))



STRUCTURAL PV ARRAY MOUNTING AND INSTALLATION LOCATION REQUIREMENTS

- 29** PV arrays are located to meet the IRC fire setback and access pathway requirements.
- At least two pathways not less than 3 feet wide are provided on separate roof planes from the lowest roof edge to ridge.
 - At least one pathway is on the street or driveway side of the roof. PV arrays occupying less than 1/3 of the roof area are set back 1.5 feet on both sides of the horizontal ridge.
 - PV arrays occupying more than 1/3 of the roof area have a 3 foot setback on both sides of a horizontal ridge. (IRC 324.6)

FIGURE 9:
SITE PLAN WITH FIRE SETBACK AND ACCESS PATHWAY REQUIREMENTS DETAILED



- 30** The weight of the PV system is 4 lbs/square foot or less.
- 31** The attachment points of the mounting system are either staggered or installed in a low snow load (10 psf or less) and low wind load (120 mph or less) location.
- 32** Roof penetrations flashed/sealed according to the approved plan and manufacturers' instructions. (NEC 110.3(B))
- 33** The maximum spacing in inches between adjacent attachment points of the mounting system is either 2 feet or less or no larger than 6 feet in a low snow load (10 psf or less) and low wind load (120 mph or less) location.
- 34** The PV array is flush mounted (parallel to roof) or the maximum distance off the roof is between 2 inches and 10 inches.
- 35** The individual roof structure appears to be structurally sound, without signs of alterations or significant structural deterioration or sagging. There are no visually apparent disallowed rafter holes, notches or truss modifications, no visually apparent structural decay or unrepaired fire damage. Roof sag, measured in inches is not more than the rafter or ridge beam length in feet divided by 20.
- 36** Standing seam metal roofs are limited to a design snow load of no greater than 15 psf.



PLAN REVIEW CHECKLIST



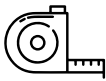
ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

- 1** ESS is listed to UL9540 by a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL).
- 2** Inverters are certified to UL1741.



ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

- 3** The individual ESS units are no larger than 20kWh.
- 4** ESS units that are UL9540 certified are separated by 3 feet.
- 5** Energy Storage Systems that have undergone large-scale fire testing to UL9540a may be spaced fewer than 3 feet apart if fire testing is approved by the authority having jurisdiction.



ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM SIZE AND LOCATION REQUIREMENTS

- 6** Each ESS unit meets one of the size and location limitations shown below: (2021 IRC R328.4, 2021 IRC R328.5)
 - a) 80 kWh in attached garages separated from the dwelling unit living space with 1/2" gypsum board between garages and residence or attics and 5/8" Type X gypsum between garage and habitable room above garage. If sheetrock rating of homes built under a code older than the 2009 IRC cannot be verified, sheetrock is installed to meet this requirement
 - b) 80 kWh on exterior walls a minimum 3 feet (914 mm) from doors and windows directly entering the dwelling unit. There is no restriction on how close an ESS unit can be to windows or doors entering a garage because the garage is not considered part of the dwelling unit
 - c) 40 kWh within utility closets, basements, and storage or utility spaces with finished or noncombustible walls and ceilings. Walls and ceilings of unfinished wood-framed construction shall be provided with minimum 5/8" Type X gypsum
 - d) 80 kWh in detached garages and detached accessory structures
 - e) 80 kWh outdoors on the ground a minimum 3 feet from doors and windows directly entering the dwelling unit. There is no restriction on how close an
- 7** ESS unit can be to windows or doors entering a garage because the garage is not considered part of the dwelling unit. ESS is protected from vehicular impact by one of the following:
 - a) Installed in a location not subject to vehicular impact such as on a side wall or 4' above floor level, or
 - b) Protected by guard posts located 6 inches or more away from the ESS.
 - c) Protected by wheel barriers anchored in place located 4.5 feet or more away from the ESS.
 - d) Protected by other barriers where approved
- 8** Smoke alarms are installed in dwelling units and basements in which ESS is installed.
- 9** For ESS installed in unconditioned indoor spaces such as dwelling units and attached garages that can exceed the temperature limits of smoke alarms (32°F-100°F), heat alarms are installed.



PHOTOVOLTAIC AND ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM INTERCONNECTION REQUIREMENTS

- 10** The inverter installation meets the requirements of one of the items below:
 - a) Supply-side connection complies with power source continuous output rating, conductor size, over current protection, connection, and ground fault requirements in 2020 NEC 705.11
 - b) Load-side connection complies with 705.12 and can meet the 120% busbar rating allowance in a residence
 - c) Load-side Power Control Systems which use controls to prevent overcurrent of equipment are listed to UL1741 CRD and comply with monitoring, setting, overcurrent protection, single power source ratings, and access requirements in 2020 NEC 705.13
 - d) Load-side distribution equipment listed to combine sources and supply loads



PV SYSTEM ELECTRICAL CODE INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS

- 11** Major electrical components, including PV modules, DC-to-DC converters, and inverters, are identified for use in PV systems.
- 12** Inverters are listed as utility-interactive in accordance with UL 1741.
- 13** PV Modules are listed as UL 1703, UL 61730-1, or UL 61730-2.
- 14** PV panel systems and array mounting systems are listed and identified with a fire classification in accordance with UL 2703.
- 15** The PV array consists of no more than 2 series strings per inverter input and no more than 4 source circuit strings in total per inverter.
- 16** The maximum PV DC system voltage for a single-family home or duplex is limited to 600Vdc. Use either the checklist shown the general installation guide or methods described in 690.7(A)(1) or 690.7(A)(3) to ensure the system is designed and connected so that 600Vdc is not exceeded on the average coldest day of the year.
- 17** PV system circuits on buildings meet requirements for controlled conductors.
 - a) Controlled conductors more than one foot from the array are capable of being shutdown to below 30 volts within 30 seconds
 - b) PV array wiring within the array is either listed to the PV Hazard Control product safety standard (UL3741) or limited to not more than 80 volts within 30 seconds of rapid shutdown initiation.
- 18** The PV System disconnecting means is sized for the maximum short circuit current and voltage and installed in a readily accessible location.



STRUCTURAL PV ARRAY MOUNTING AND INSTALLATION LOCATION REQUIREMENTS

- 19** PV arrays are located to meet the IRC fire setback and access pathway requirements. At least two pathways not less than 3 feet wide are provided on separate roof planes from the lowest roof edge to ridge. At least one pathway is on the street or driveway side of the roof. PV arrays occupying less than 1/3 of the roof area are set back 1.5 feet on both sides of the horizontal ridge. PV arrays occupying more than 1/3 of the roof area have a 3 foot setback on both sides of a horizontal ridge.
- 20** The weight of the PV system is 4 lbs/square foot or less.
- 21** The attachment points of the mounting system are either staggered or installed in a low snow load (10 psf or less) and low wind load (120 mph or less) location.
- 22** The maximum spacing in inches between adjacent attachment points of the mounting system is either 2 feet or less or no larger than 6 feet in a low snow load (10 psf or less) and low wind load (120 mph or less) location.
- 23** How many roof surfaces at different slopes and/or orientations will be used for installation? _____
- 24** The PV array is flush mounted (parallel to roof) and the distance off the roof is between 2" and 10".
- 25** The individual roof structure appears to be structurally sound, without signs of alterations or significant structural deterioration or sagging. There are no visually apparent disallowed rafter holes, notches or truss modifications, and no visually apparent structural decay or unrepaired fire damage. Roof sag, measured in inches is not more than the rafter or ridge beam length in feet divided by 20.
- 26** What is the roof covering material? _____ Standing seam metal roofs are limited to a design snow load of no greater than 15 psf.
- 27** What is the slope of the roof? If multiple roof faces are used that have different slopes, each slope should be recorded here _____

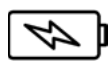


FIELD INSPECTION CHECKLIST



HELPFUL TIP

Numbers that correspond to the requirement in the permitting checklist are provided next to the same requirement in the field inspection checklist.



ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

Make sure all ESS disconnects and circuit breakers are in the open position and verify the following:

- 1** All work done in a neat and workmanlike manner (NEC 110.12).
- 2** Equipment installed, listed, and labeled according to the approved plan and manufacturers' instructions (e.g., ESS units, battery units, inverters, disconnects). (1- 3)
- 3** ESS equipment model numbers, quantity, and location according to the approved plan. (see PV+ESS general installation guideline for additional information)
 - a) ESS units no greater than 20 kWh each. (4)
 - b) ESS units have either 3 foot spacing between units or ESS unit has undergone large-scale fire testing and AHJ has approved closer spacing between units.
 - c) A 3 foot space between unit and doors or windows entering the dwelling unit are required. (5, 6)
 - d) ESS maximums are followed (40 kWh inside dwelling or 80 kWh in garage and elsewhere). (7)
- 4** Access and working space for ESS equipment such as ESS units, battery units, inverters, disconnecting means, and panelboards is adequate. Working space is at least 30 inches in width, 6.5 feet in height and 4 feet in depth or the width, height and depth of the equipment, whichever is greater.
- 5** Grounding/bonding of ESS units, battery units, inverters, conduit and other electrical equipment according to the NEC and manufacturer's instructions.
- 6** Conduit and other wiring methods installation according to the NEC and the approved plan. (11)
- 7** Conductors, cables, and conduit types, sizes, and markings according to the approved plan. (11)
- 8** Overcurrent devices are the type and size according to the approved plan. (11)
- 9** Disconnects according to the approved plan and properly located as required by the NEC. (11)
- 10** For grid-connected systems, documentation is provided to show that ESS meets utility interconnection requirements.
- 11** PV system electrical interconnection point (supply-side or load-side connection, load-side power control systems, and load-side distribution equipment) complies with approved plan. (11)
- 12** For garage-installed ESS mounted on end wall of garage, vehicle protection is installed where required. (8)
- 13** For ESS installed in conditioned spaces, any required smoke alarms are installed. (9)
- 14** For ESS installed in unconditioned indoor spaces that can exceed the temperature limits of smoke alarms (32°F-100°F), heat alarms are installed. (10)



PHOTOVOLTAIC ELECTRICAL AND STRUCTURAL REQUIREMENTS

Make sure all PV disconnects and circuit breakers are in the open position and verify the following:

- 1** All work done in a neat and workmanlike manner.
- 2** PV module model number, quantity, and location according to the approved plan.
- 3** Array mounting system and structural connections according to the approved plan and manufacturers' instructions. (22-30)
- 4** Roof penetrations flashed/sealed according to the approved plan and manufacturers' instructions.
- 5** Exposed cables are properly secured, supported, and routed to prevent physical damage.
- 6** Conduit installation according to NEC 690.31 and the approved plan. (17)
- 7** Firefighter access according to IRC R324 and the approved plan. (21)
- 8** Roof-mounted PV mounting system and modules have sufficient fire classification (15)
- 9** Grounding/bonding of rack, modules, inverter(s), and other electrical equipment according to the manufacturer's instructions.
- 10** Equipment installed, listed, and labeled according to the approved plan and manufacturers' instructions (e.g., PV modules, inverters, dc-to-dc converters, rapid shutdown equipment). (12-14)
- 11** For grid-connected systems, inverter is marked "interactive," or documentation is provided to show that inverter meets utility interconnection requirements. (13)
- 12** Conductors, cables, and conduit types, sizes, and markings according to the approved plan. (16, 17, 19)
- 13** Overcurrent devices are the type and size according to the approved plan.
- 14** Disconnects according to the approved plan and properly located as required by the NEC. (20)
- 15** PV system electrical interconnection point (supply-side or load-side connection, loadside power control systems, and load-side distribution equipment) complies with approved plan. (11)
- 16** PV system markings, labels, and signs according to the approved plan.
- 17** PV system equipment grounding conductors installed according to the approved plan.
- 18** Access and working space is provided for PV equipment such as inverters, disconnecting means, and panelboards (not required for PV modules).
- 19** The rapid shutdown system is installed and operational according to the approved plan and manufacturers' instructions. (19)



SUPPORTING RESOURCES

International Code Council “2018 International Fire Code”, Aug. 2017, <https://codes.iccsafe.org/content/IFC2018P6>

International Code Council “2021 International Fire Code”, Oct. 2020, <https://codes.iccsafe.org/content/IFC2021P1>

International Code Council “2021 International Residential Code”, Dec. 2020, <https://codes.iccsafe.org/content/IRC2021P1>

National Fire Protection Association. “NFPA 70®.” NFPA 70®: National Electrical Code®, Delmar Cengage Learning, 18 Sept. 2019, <https://www.nfpa.org/codes-and-standards/all-codes-and-standards/list-of-codes-and-standards/detail?code=70&access=open>

“National Simplified Residential PV and Energy Storage Permit Guidelines.” SolSmart, <https://solsmart.org/resources/national-simplified-residential-pv-and-energy-storage-permit-guidelines/>



APPENDIX A: SOLAR AND/OR ESS PERMIT APPLICATION

FOR OFFICE USE ONLY

Application Number: _____

Permit Number: _____

Issued By: _____

Date Applied: _____

Date Issued: _____

SECTION 1 - GENERAL INFO

PROJECT ADDRESS _____

PROPERTY OWNER'S NAME _____

PHONE NUMBER _____

EMAIL _____

PROPERTY OWNER'S MAILING ADDRESS (IF DIFFERENT FROM PROJECT ADDRESS) _____

SECTION 2 - PROJECT DETAILS

BUILDING TYPE/EXISTING USE

SINGLE FAMILY

DUPLEX

MULTI-FAMILY

COMMERCIAL / INDUSTRIAL

NEW CONSTRUCTION

OTHER: _____

NEW OR EXISTING PV SYSTEM

NEW SYSTEM

ADDITIONAL SYSTEM

SYSTEM REPLACEMENT

PV SYSTEM TYPE

ROOF MOUNTS

GROUND MOUNTS

BUILDING INTEGRATED/ OTHER

INVERTER CONFIGURATION

STRING INVERTER

STRING INVERTER W/ DC CONVERTERS

MICROINVERTERS OR AC MODULES

TOTAL PV SYSTEM SIZE _____ kW DC

TOTAL SQ. FT. OF PV SYSTEM _____ SQ FT

PROJECT VALUATION \$ _____

INCLUDES ENERGY STORAGE SYSTEM YES NO

TOTAL SYSTEM CAPACITY RATING _____ kWh

POWER RATING _____ kW

AC DC

PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

SECTION 3 - CONTRACTOR INFORMATION

CONTRACTOR BUSINESS NAME	CONTRACTOR LICENSE NUMBER	
BUSINESS ADDRESS		
CONTRACTOR CONTACT NAME	PHONE NUMBER	EMAIL

SECTION 4 - PERMIT FEE

Submit permit fee according to building department instructions.

SECTION 5 - IMPORTANT NOTICE

A permit must be obtained for all installations or alterations of electrical equipment BEFORE WORK STARTS. Refer to the EVSE Permitting Checklist for additional documents required. Failure to provide all required documents, including **(1) Site Plan, (2) Electrical Diagram, and (3) Specification Sheets and Installation Manuals** will delay permit approval. All permits expire six (6) months after the date of issuance. Failure to start the work authorized by a permit within this six-month period renders the permit invalid and a new permit must be obtained. Once work begins, noticeable progress must continue until completion. All work must be completed within eighteen (18) months of a permit issue date.

Please Submit the following additional documents with the EVSE Permit Application:

- Site Plan
- Electrical Diagram
- EVSE Specification Sheets and Installation Manuals
- Transformer Specification Sheets
- Load Calculation
- Automatic Load Management System
- Specification sheet if applicable

Submit Permit Application

Submit permit application according to building department instructions.

SECTION 6 - APPLICANT SIGNATURE

I, the undersigned, certify that I have proper authority to apply for this permit, that the Contractor has obtained a signed contract from the Property Owner for the specified work, that all contractors have consented to being listed, and that all the information contained on this application is true and accurate to the best of my knowledge.

NAME	TITLE
SIGNATURE	DATE

APPENDIX B: SOLAR AND ENERGY STORAGE STANDARD ELECTRICAL LINE DIAGRAMS

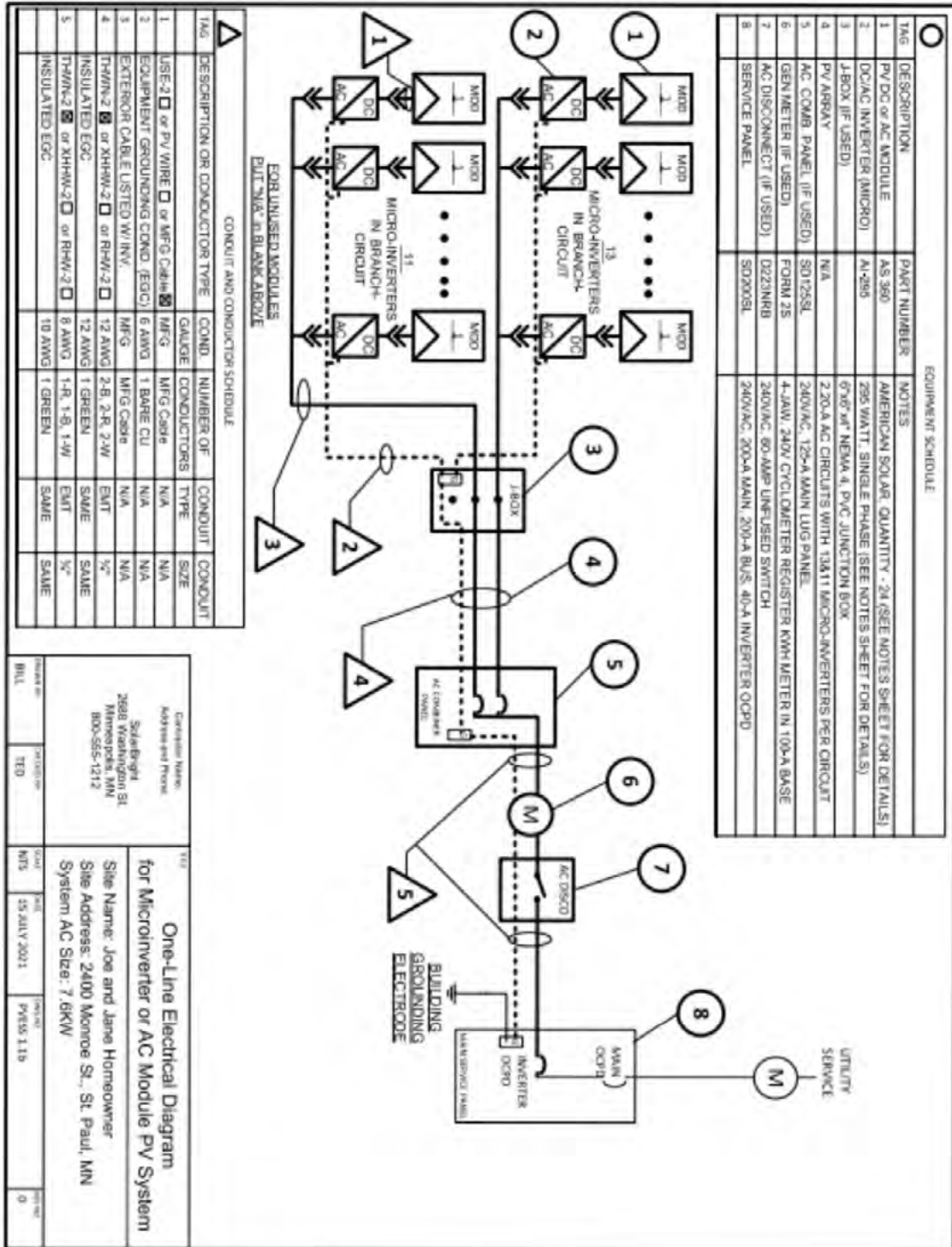


FIGURE 9: ONE LINE PV ONLY WITH MICROINVERTERS

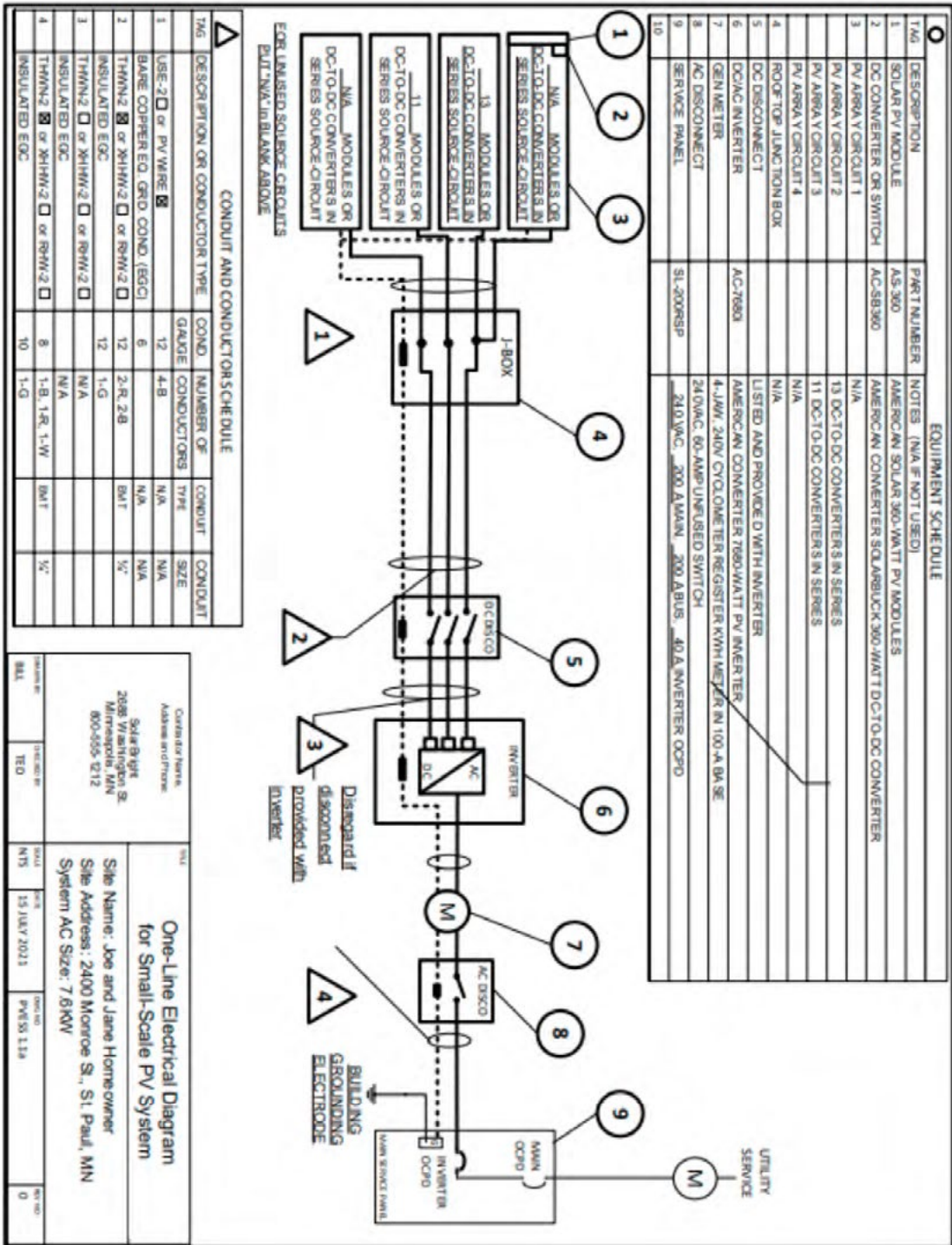


FIGURE 10: ONE LINE PV ONLY WITH DC CONVERTERS

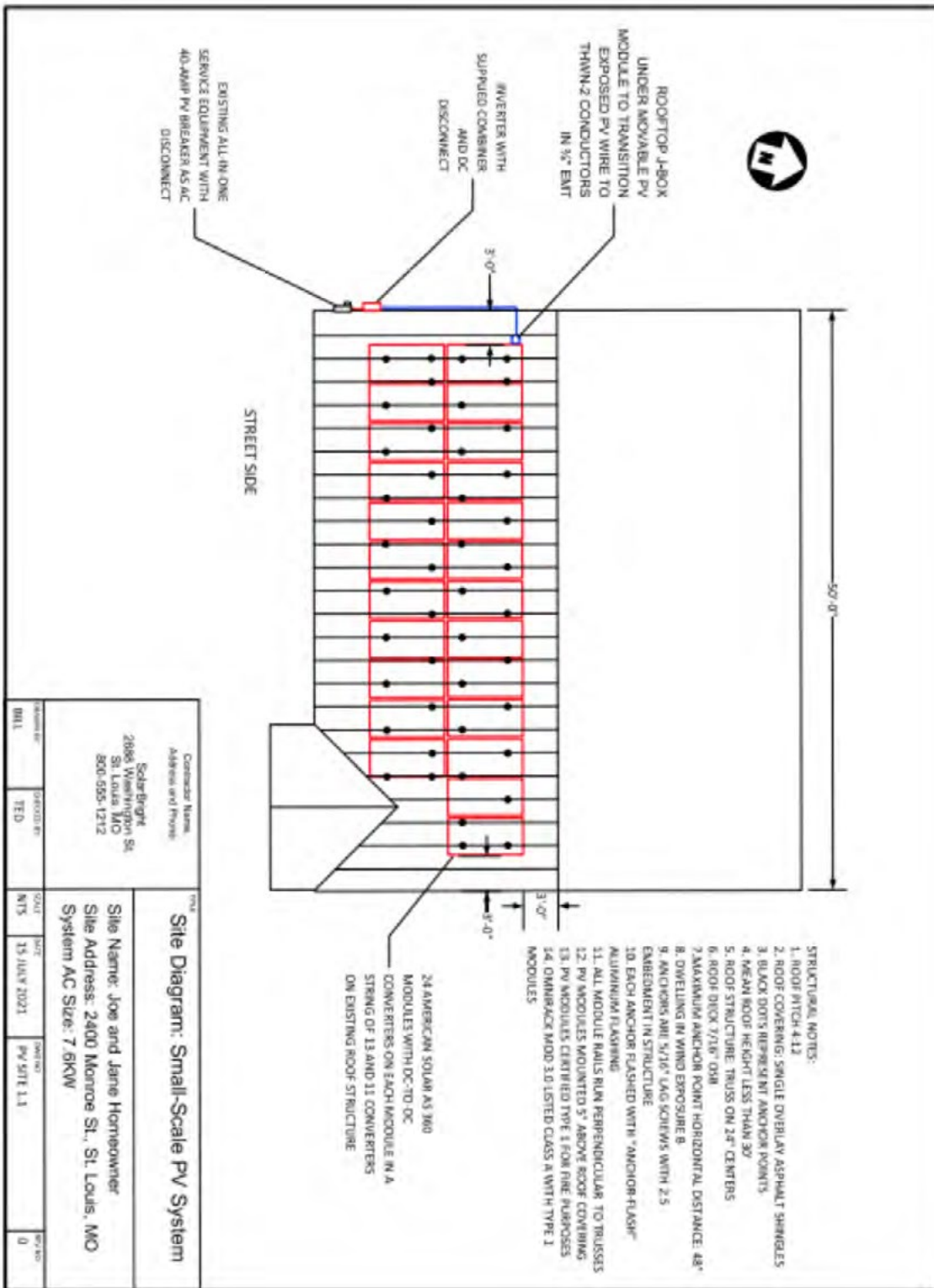


FIGURE 11: SITE DIAGRAM PV ONLY WITH DC CONVERTERS

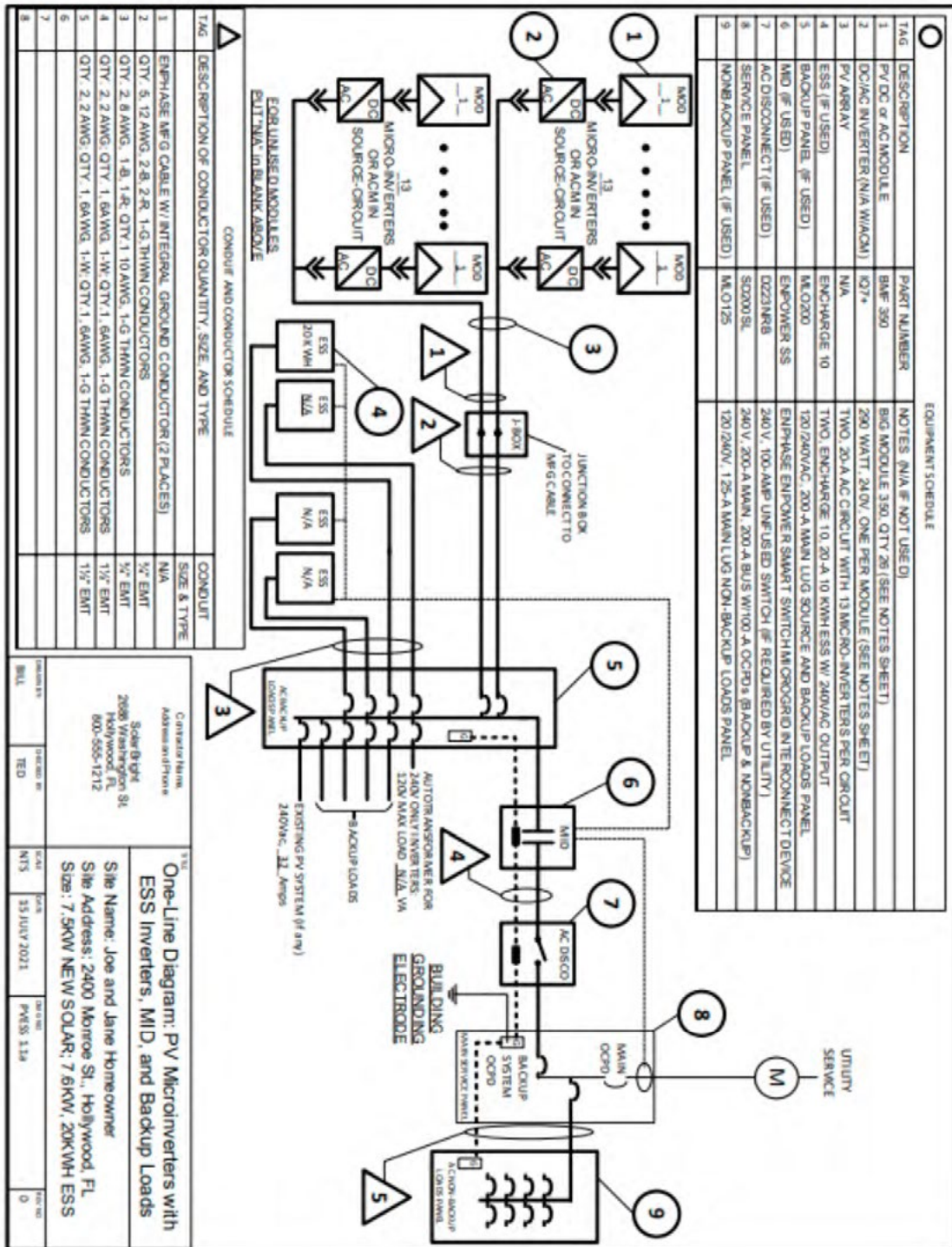


FIGURE 12: ONE-LINE PV AND ESS WITH MICROINVERTERS AND MID

PV MODULE RATINGS @ STC	
MODULE MAKE	AMERICAN SOLAR
MODULE MODEL	AS-360
MAX POWER-POINT CURRENT (I _{mp})	9.1 A
MAX POWER-POINT VOLTAGE (V _{mp})	39.4 V
OPEN-CIRCUIT VOLTAGE (V _{oc})	47.4 V
SHORT-CIRCUIT CURRENT (I _{sc})	9.7 A
MAX SERIES FUSE (I _{OPD})	25 A
MAXIMUM POWER (P _{max})	360 W
MAX VOLTAGE (TYP 600V _{oc})	1000 V
VOC TEMP COEFF (mV/°C or %/°C)	-0.28

NOTES FOR ALL DRAWINGS:	
OOPD = OVERCURRENT PROTECTIVE DEVICE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE® REFERENCES SHOWN AS (NEC XXX.XX)	

DC-TO-DC CONVERTER RATINGS (if used)	
CONVERTER MAKE	
CONVERTER MODEL	
MAX CURRENT	
MAX VOLTAGE	
MAXIMUM POWER	
MAX OUTPUT CURRENT (TYP 600V _{oc})	

INVERTER RATINGS	
INVERTER MAKE	AMERICAN CONVERTER
INVERTER MODEL	AC-295I
MAX DC VOLT RATING	80 V
MAX POWER @ 40°C	295 W
NOMINAL AC VOLTAGE	240 V
MAX AC CURRENT	1.23 A
MAX OCPD RATING	20 A

*SIGN FOR PV DC DISCONNECT (if used)	
PHOTOVOLTAGE POWER SOURCE	
MAX VOLTAGE	V
MAX CIRCUIT CURRENT	A
MAX OUTPUT CURRENT	A

WARNING: ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD—LINE AND LOAD MAY BE ENERGIZED IN OPEN POSITION

*SIGN FOR PV SYSTEM DISCONNECT (if used)	
PV SYSTEM DISCONNECT	
AC OUTPUT CURRENT	32 A
NOMINAL AC VOLTAGE	240 V

*SIGN FOR ESS DISCONNECT (if used)	
ESS DISCONNECT	
ESS VOLTAGE (AC OR DC)	240 VAC

*NOTE: MICROINVERTER, LAND AC, MODULE SYSTEMS DO NOT NEED DC DISCONNECT SIGN SINCE MARKING ON PV/MODULE COVERS NEED INFORMATION

SOLAR PV SYSTEM EQUIPPED WITH RAPID SHUTDOWN

TURN RAPID SHUTDOWN OFF TO RETURN TO SHUTDOWN PV SYSTEM AND REDUCE SHOCK HAZARD IN ARRAY

*NOTE: MICROINVERTER, LAND AC, MODULE SYSTEMS DO NOT NEED DC DISCONNECT SIGN SINCE MARKING ON PV/MODULE COVERS NEED INFORMATION

NOTES FOR INVERTER CIRCUITS

1) IF UTILITY REQUIRES A VISIBL E-BREAK SWITCH, DOES THIS SWITCH MEET THE REQUIREMENT? YES NO N/A

2) IF GENERATION METER REQUIRED, DOES THIS METER SOCKET MEET THE REQUIREMENT? YES NO N/A

3) DOES INVERTER OUTPUT CIRCUIT (AC) CONDUCTORS ACCORDING TO INVERTER OCPD RAIR RE RATING? (See Table 705.12)

4) DOES TOTAL SUPPLY BREAKERS COMPLY WITH

a) 20% BUSBAR RULE IN 705.12(B) (2017 NEC)

b) SUM OF BRANCH BREAKERS

c) POWER CONTROL SYSTEMS

d) LISTED EQUIPMENT FOR COMBINING SOURCES

NOTES FOR DISTRIBUTION PANELS

THIS PANEL FED BY MULTIPLE SOURCES (UTILITY AND SOLAR)

*SIGN FOR 120% OPTION (if used)

WARNING: INVERTER OUTPUT CONNECTION: DO NOT RELOCATE THIS OVERCURRENT DEVICE.

NOTES FOR SUM OF BREAKERS OPTION (if used)

WARNING: TOTAL RATING OF ALL OVERCURRENT DEVICES EXCLUDING MAIN SUPPLY OVERCURRENT DEVICE SHALL NOT EXCEED CAPACITY OF BUSBAR

Contract Name, Address and Project	Contract No.	DATE	REV
Standsight 2688 Washington St Cary, NC 800-555-1212	1-2023-01-01	15 JULY 2021	0

Notes for One-Line Diagram for PV and Energy Storage Systems

Site Name: Joe and Jane Homeowner
Site Address: 2400 Monroe St., Raleigh, NC
Size: 7.1kW NEW SOLAR; 7.6kW, 20KWH ESS

FIGURE 13: NOTES FOR ONE-LINE PV AND ESS WITH MICROINVERTERS AND MID

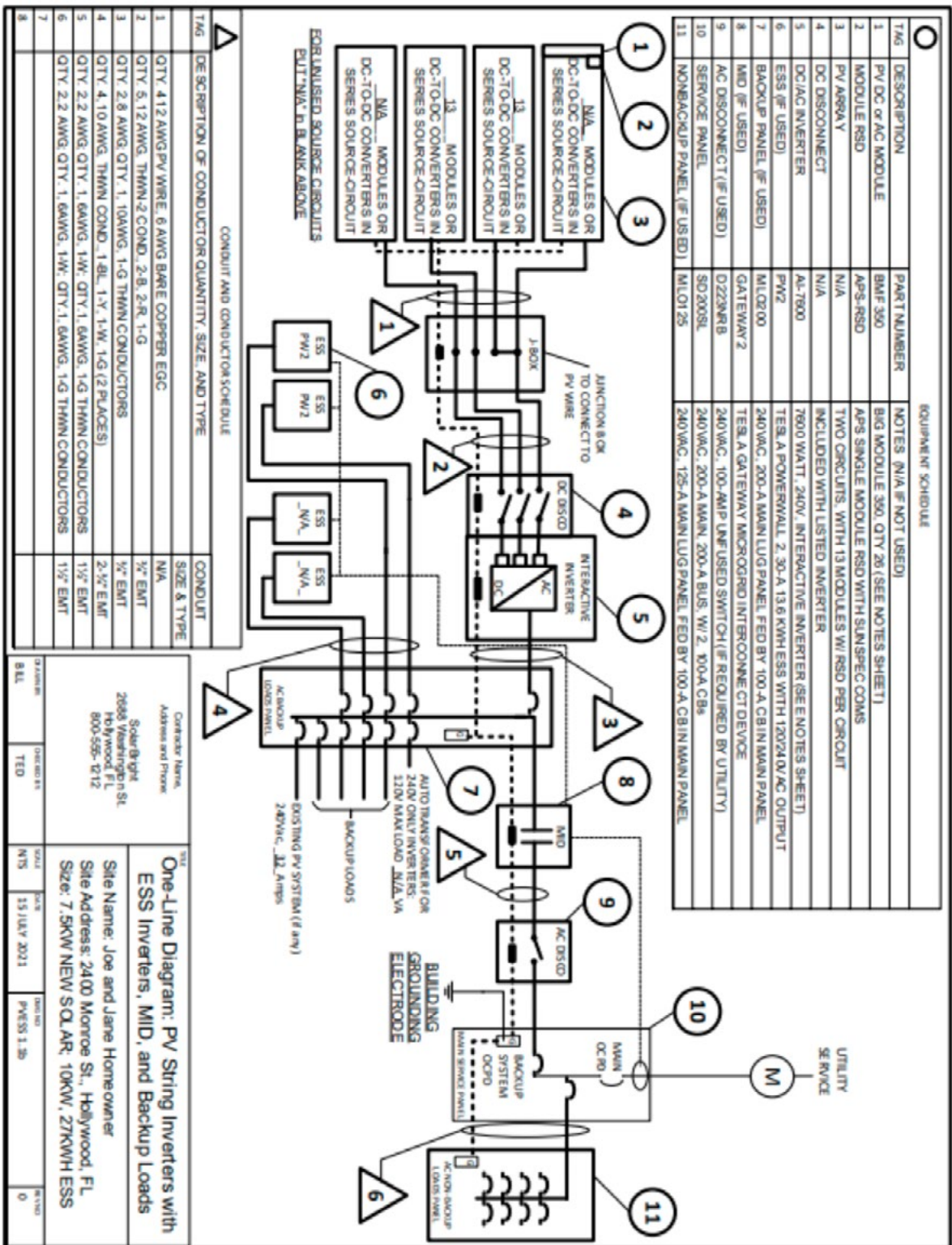


FIGURE 14: ONE-LINE PV AND ESS WITH STRING INVERTERS AND MID

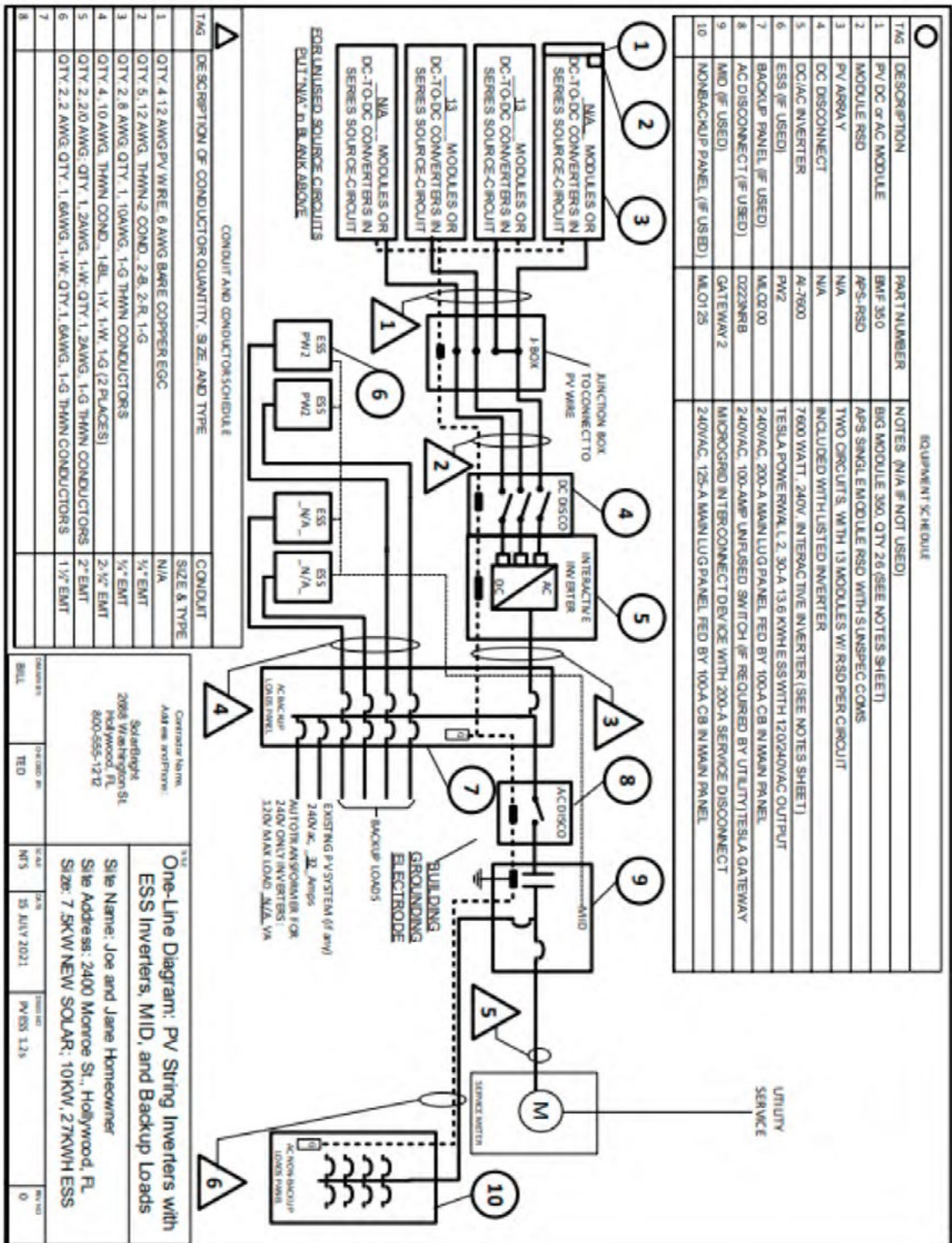


FIGURE 15: ONE-LINE PV AND ESS WITH STRING INVERTER AND MID WITH SERVICE DISCONNECT

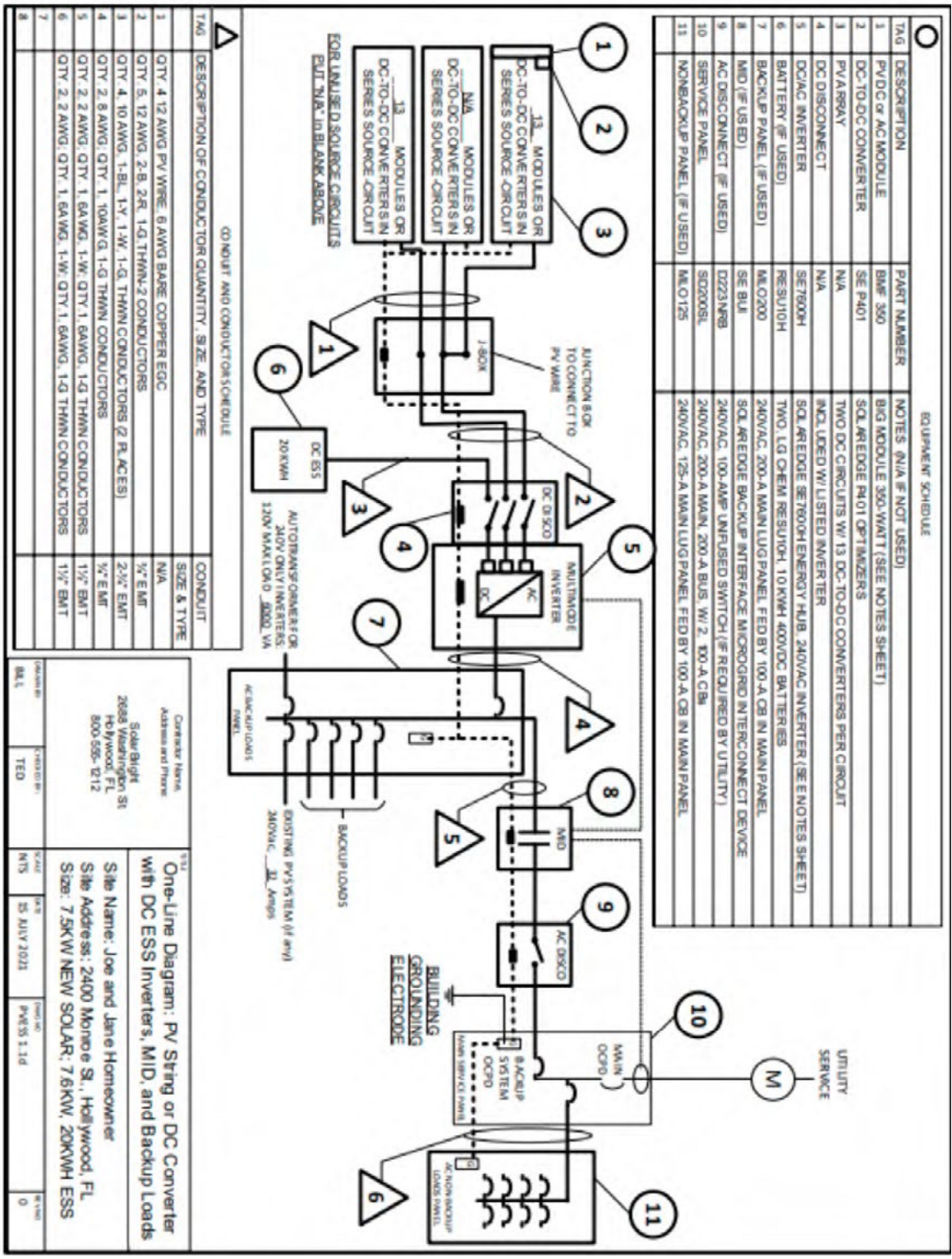


FIGURE 16: ONE-LINE PV AND ESS WITH STRING INVERTER AND DC CONVERTERS AND MID

PV MODULE RATINGS @ STC	
MODULE MAKE	AMERICAN SOLAR
MODULE MODEL	AS-360
MAX POWER-POINT CURRENT (I _{mp})	9.1 A
MAX POWER-POINT VOLTAGE (V _{mp})	39.4 V
OPEN-CIRCUIT VOLTAGE (V _{oc})	47.4 V
SHORT-CIRCUIT CURRENT (I _{sc})	9.7 A
MAX SERIES FUSE (OCPD)	25 A
MAXIMUM POWER (P _{max})	360 W
MAX VOLTAGE (TYP 600V _{dc})	1000 V
VOC TEMP COEFF (1/W/°C) or %/°C	-0.28

NOTES FOR ALL DRAWINGS:	
OCPD = OVERCURRENT PROTECTIVE DEVICE	
NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE® REFERENCES SHOWN AS (NEC XXXXX)	

DC-TO-DC CONVERTER RATINGS (if used)	
CONVERTER MAKE	AMERICAN CONVERTER
CONVERTER MODEL	AC-360
MAX CURRENT	12 A
MAX VOLTAGE	80 V
MAXIMUM POWER	360 W
MAX OUTPUT CIRCUIT V (TYP 600V _{dc})	600 V

INVERTER RATINGS	
INVERTER MAKE	AMERICAN CONVERTER
INVERTER MODEL	AC-7901
MAX DC VOLT RATING	80 V
MAX POWER @ 40°C	790 W
NOMINAL AC VOLTAGE	240 V
MAX AC CURRENT	32 A
MAX OCPD RATING	40 A

*SIGN FOR PV DC DISCONNECT (if used)	
PHOTOVOLTAC POWER SOURCE	
MAX VOLTAGE	575 V
MAX CIRCUIT CURRENT	15 A
MAX OUTPUT CURRENT	12 A

WARNING: ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD—LINE AND LOAD MAY BE ENERGIZED IN OPEN POSITION

*SIGN FOR PV SYSTEM DISCONNECT (if used)	
PV SYSTEM DISCONNECT	
AC OUTPUT CURRENT	32 A
NOMINAL AC VOLTAGE	240 V

*SIGN FOR ESS DISCONNECT (if used)	
ESS DISCONNECT	
ESS VOLTAGE (AC OR DC)	240 V AC

*NOTE: MICROINVERTER AND AC MODULE SYSTEMS DO NOT NEED DC DISCONNECT SIGN SINCE MARKING ON PV MODULE COVERS NEEDED INFORMATION

SOLAR PV SYSTEM EQUIPPED WITH RAPID SHUTDOWN

TURN RAPID SHUTDOWN OFF IN POSITION TO SHUTDOWN PV SYSTEM AND REDUCE SHOCK HAZARD IN PANEL

*NOTE: MICROINVERTER AND AC MODULE SYSTEMS DO NOT NEED DC DISCONNECT SIGN SINCE MARKING ON PV MODULE COVERS NEEDED INFORMATION

NOTES FOR INVERTER CIRCUITS

1) IF UTILITY REQUIRES A VISUAL BREAK SWITCH, DOES THIS SWITCH MEET THE REQUIREMENT? YES NO N/A

2) IF GENERATION METER REQUIRED, DOES THIS METER SOCKET MEET THE REQUIREMENT? YES NO N/A

3) SIZE INVERTER OUTPUT CIRCUIT (AC) CONDUCTORS ACCORDING TO INVERTER OCPD AMPERE RATING. (See Table 705.12)

4) DOES TOTAL SUPPLY BREAKERS COMPLY WITH:
a) 100% SUBBAR RULE IN 705.12(B)(2017 NEC)
b) SUM OF BRANCH BREAKERS
c) POWER CONTROL SYSTEMS
d) LISTED EQUIPMENT FOR COMBINING SOURCES

NOTES FOR DISTRIBUTION PANELS

THIS PANEL FED BY MULTIPLE SOURCES (UTILITY AND SOLAR)

SIGN FOR 120% OVERTON (if used)

WARNING:
INVERTER OUTPUT CONNECTION: DO NOT RELOCATE THIS OVERCURRENT DEVICE

NOTES FOR SUM OF BREAKERS OPTION (if used)

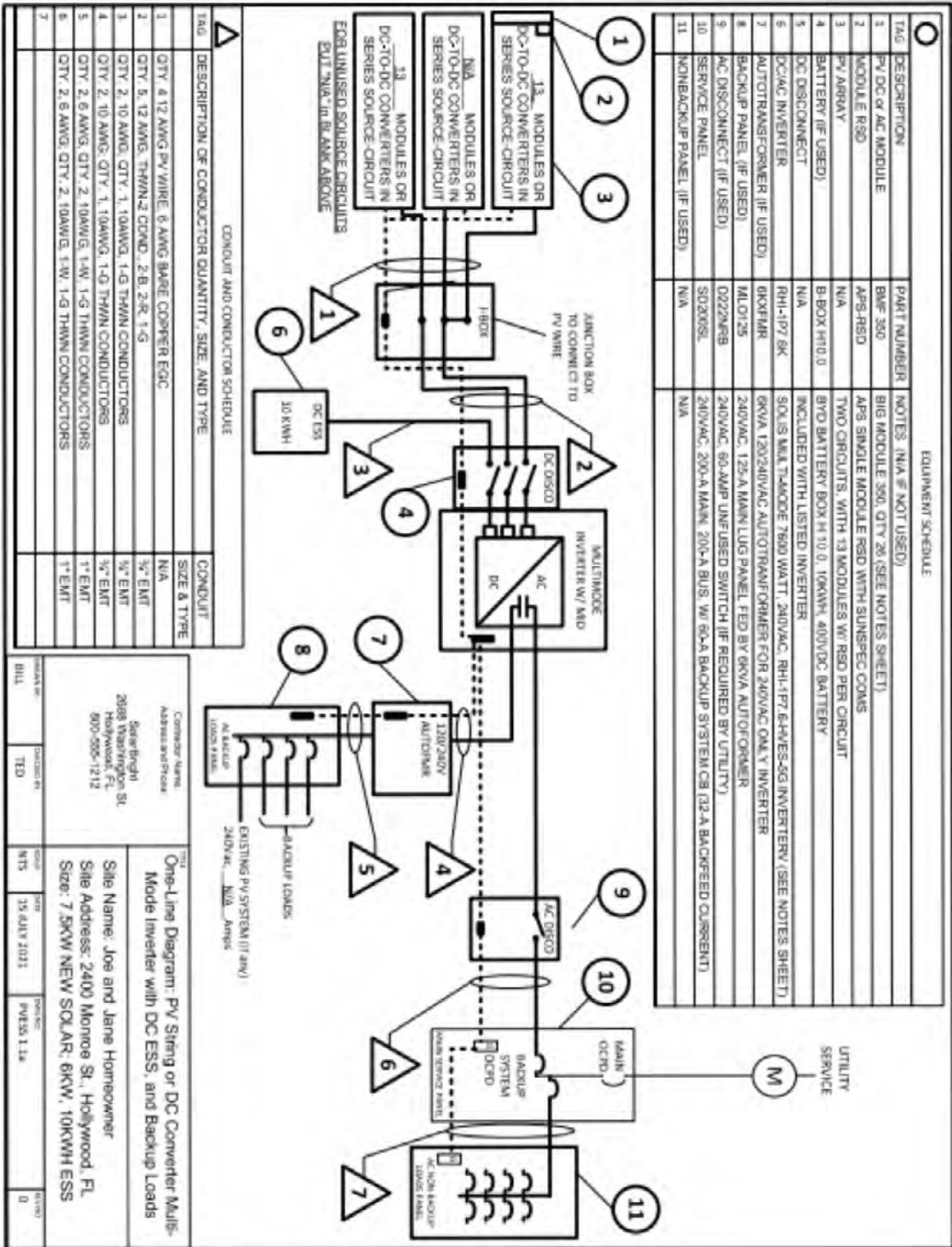
WARNING:
TOTAL RATING OF ALL OVERCURRENT DEVICES EXCLUDING MAIN SUPPLY OVERCURRENT DEVICE SHALL NOT EXCEED CAPACITY OF BUSBAR.

OWNER NAME	2088 Washington St Cary, NC 800-555-1212
OWNER BILL	OWNER TED
DATE NTS	15 JULY 2021
ISSUED	PVESS 12A
REV	0

Notes for One-Line Diagram for PV and Energy Storage Systems

Site Name: Joe and Jane Homeowner
Site Address: 2400 Monroe St., Raleigh, NC
Size: 7.1kW NEW SOLAR, 7.6kW, 20KWH ESS

FIGURE 17: NOTES FOR ON-LINE PV AND ESS WITH STRING INVERTERS WITH DC CONVERTERS AND MID



TAG	DESCRIPTION	PART NUMBER	NOTES (N/A IF NOT USED)
1	PV DC OR AC MODULE	BMF 350	BIG MODULE 350, QTY 26 (SEE NOTES SHEET)
2	MODULE RSD	AP9 RSD	AP9 SINGLE MODULE RSD WITH SUNSPEC COMS
3	PV ARRAY	N/A	TWO CIRCUITS, WITH 13 MODULES W/ RSD PER CIRCUIT
4	BATTERY (IF USED)	B-BOX H10.0	BYD BATTERY BOX H 10.0, 10KWH, 400VDC BATTERY
5	DC DISCONNECT	N/A	INCLUDED WITH LISTED INVERTER
6	DC/AC INVERTER	RH1-1P7 6K	SOLIS MULTIMODE 7600 WATT, 240VAC, RH1-1P7 6-KVES-6G INVERTER (SEE NOTES SHEET)
7	AUTOTRANSFORMER (IF USED)	0KXPHR	GRVA 120/240VAC AUTOTRANSFORMER FOR 240VAC ONLY INVERTER
8	BACKUP PANEL (IF USED)	MLD125	240VAC, 125-A MAIN LUG PANEL, FED BY GRVA AUTOFORMER
9	AC DISCONNECT (IF USED)	0222N9B	240VAC, 60-AMP UNFUSED SWITCH (IF REQUIRED BY UTILITY)
10	SERVICE PANEL	S0200SL	240VAC, 200-A MAIN, 200-A BUS, W/ 60-A BACKUP SYSTEM CB (32-A BACKFEED CURRENT)
11	NONBACKUP PANEL (IF USED)	N/A	N/A

FIGURE 18: ONE-LINE PV AND ESS WITH MULTI-MODE INVERTER



Earth Advantage® is a 501(c)(3) nonprofit focused on helping to create an informed and humane residential real estate marketplace that: acknowledges both the climate impacts of housing and the impact climate has on housing; provides all homebuyers and renters with access to sustainability-related information about a home; supports equitable housing outcomes, protecting those most vulnerable from the effects of climate change, and; recognizes both the personal and societal value that climate-friendly housing creates. Visit earthadvantage.org to learn more.



New Buildings Institute (NBI) is a nonprofit organization working to advance energy efficiency and decarbonization of the built environment. Our efforts are imperative to keeping energy costs affordable, cutting carbon emissions that are fueling climate change, and delivering on improved health, safety, and resiliency for all. We work collaboratively with industry market players—governments, utilities, advocates, AEC professionals, and others—to drive leading-edge design, innovative technologies, and public policies and programs for scale. Throughout its 25-year history, NBI has become a trusted and independent resource helping to create buildings that are better for people, communities, and the planet. Visit newbuildings.org to learn more.

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