

The Getting to Zero Market Landscape and 2020 Zero Energy Buildings List

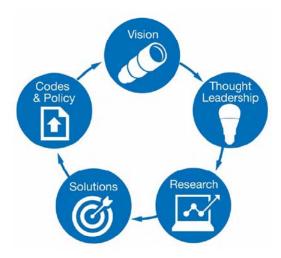
September 24, 2020

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Efficiency delivered.

NBI is responding to increasing urgency to reduce carbon emissions and increased demand for improved energy performance of new and existing buildings.

NBI's Theory of Market Change:







nbi new buildings institute

Today's panelists:



Alexi Miller Associate Director NBI



Kevin Carbonnier Project Manager NBI



Kathryn Wright Program Director for Buildings USDN



Michelle Amt Director of Sustainability VMDO



Dan Arons
Principal
Perkins Eastman



Darryl Boyce Past President ASHRAE

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Today's Agenda

- Getting to Zero Insights, Trends, and Progress
 Alexi Miller & Kevin Carbonnier, NBI
- Key ZE Policy Trends Kathryn Wright, USDN
- Clarifying Questions
- Three Case Studies:
 - Michelle Amt, VMDO Architects
 - · Darryl Boyce, ASHRAE
 - · Dan Eastman, Perkins & Eastman Architects
- Questions and Answers





ZE Definitions and Data





What's in a name?



Zero Net Energy Zero Energy Buildings Zero Carbon Buildings Carbon Neutral Buildings Zero Energy Cost Zero Net Ready Buildings Emerging Buildings Verified Buildings Certified Buildings

Today's Terminology

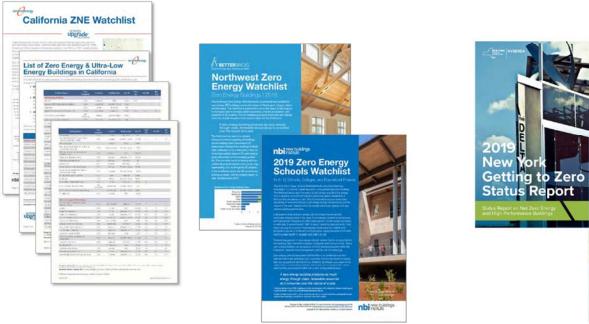
- A Zero Energy Project is a highly energy efficient project (building, district, campus...) that meets 100% of annual energy with renewables.
 - » Emerging¹ targeting ZE
 - » May be in planning, design, construction, occupied for less than a year, or yet to document ZE performance
 - » Verified¹ A year of more of documented performance by NBI
 - » Certified A year of more documented performance by a third-party program (e.g. ILFI, USGBC)
- Energy Performance All energy (electric, gas, steam, liquid fuel etc.) consumed onsite:
 - » EUI Energy Use Intensity in kBtu/sf/yr
 - » The most common metric of energy performance



Zero Energy Project Counts



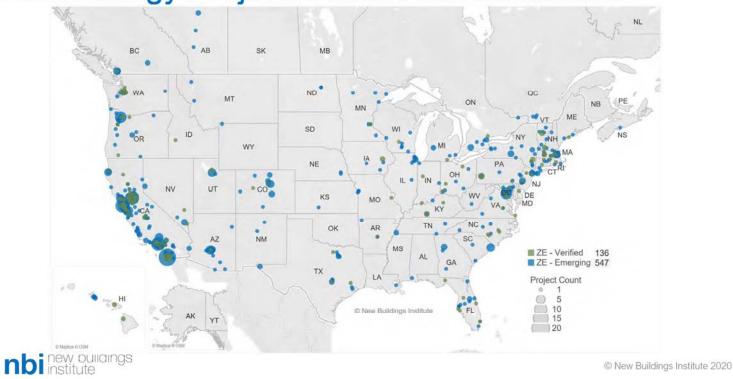
NBI ZE Regional/Continental Watchlists and Status Report







Zero Energy Projects Across North America

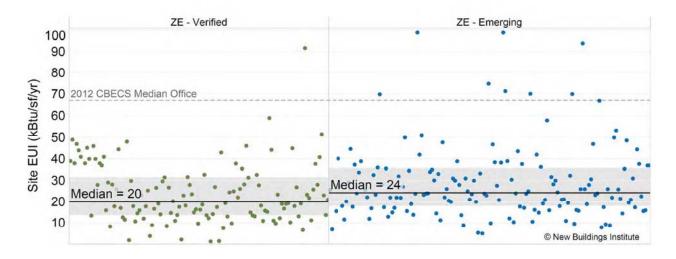


ZE Distribution by State and Region





Efficiency First: Energy Performance Data



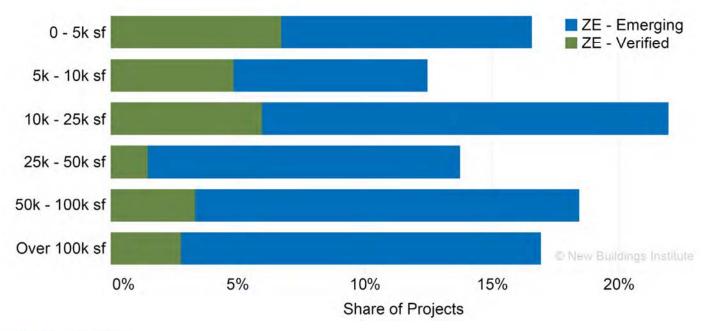
ZE buildings on average use half the energy of comparable existing U.S. buildings¹



1. Compared to CBECS 2012 (commercial) and RECS 2015 (multifamily); weighted by building type.

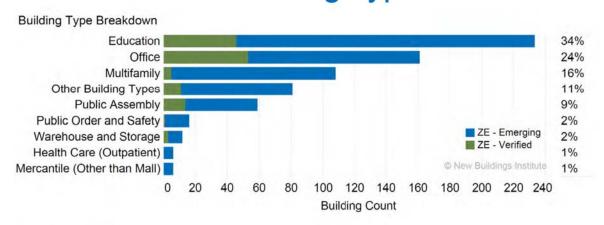
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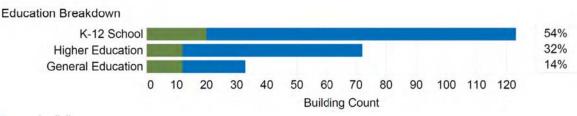
Building Size Diversity - Small, Medium, & Large





100+ Distinct ZE Building Types

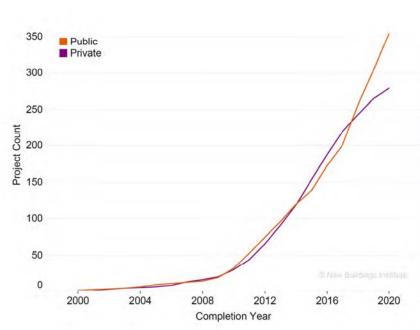






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Public and Private Sector Growth





Richardsville Elementary | Bowling Green, KY Photo: Warren County Public Schools, CMTA, Inc.



Getting to Zero Trends Summary

ZE Buildings across N. America

Every Climate Zone | 46 States + DC | 5 Provinces

Districts and Portfolios

Large property owners making commitments to Get to Zero

Beyond Zero Energy

Targeting Zero Carbon / Carbon Neutral, Expanding the scope

Decarbonization + Grid Integration

Complementary trends building from demonstrated ZE leadership

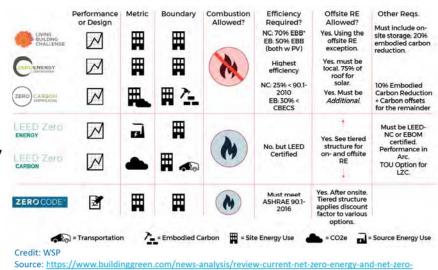
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Zero Carbon / Carbon Neutral Building Programs

carbon-certification-programs

- Zero Energy ≠ Zero Carbon
 - 15+ Zero Carbon specs
- Vary by:
 - Efficiency requirements
 - · Onsite fuel combustion
 - Offsite renewables quality limitations, RECs...
 - Boundaries/scope: embodied carbon, refrigerants, water...



Common Technologies to Get to Zero

- Heat pumps for space and water heating
- Ventilation: natural, hybrid, dedicated outdoor air systems (DOAS), demand control ventilation (DCV)
- Highly efficient thermal envelope
- Building orientation & glazing ratio
- Solar control daylighting and shading
- Energy management systems
- Radiant heating/cooling & chilled beams
- Plug load controls
- Energy recovery systems
- Solar PV



Chemeketa Community College Health Services Building | Salem, OR | Photo: Alexi Miller, NBI

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Selected Emerging Technologies

- Central and 120V unitary heat pump water heaters
- Lower-GWP refrigerants (esp. natural refrigerants)
- Grid-Interactive energy management systems
- Thermal and battery energy storage
- Advanced envelopes: airsealing, thermal bridging
- Automated shading controls
- Advanced lighting control systems (networked)
- Multi-end use integrated controls
- Lower embodied carbon materials



David & Lucile Packard Foundation HQ Los Altos, CA | Photo: Jeremy Bittermann

Technology Spotlight: Heat Pump Water Heaters

- Proven technology: on the market for decades
- High Efficiency: 2-4x more energy efficient than conventional water heaters
- Have potential to serve as smart grid-interactive clean energy batteries
- Deliver energy and lifetime cost savings
- Offer dramatic reductions in use of fossil fuel (onsite and at power plants) and GHG emissions

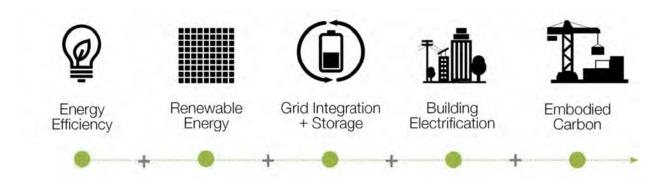
Advanced Water Heating Initiative:

newbuildings.org/resource/advanced-water-heating-initiative/



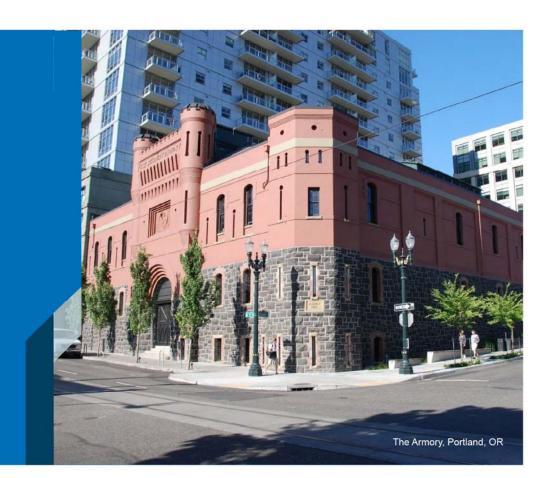
Recent HPWH DIY Install in the basement of Alexi Miller's mother-in-law (Eugene, Oregon) © New Buildings Institute 2020

Moving Forward: The Five Foundations

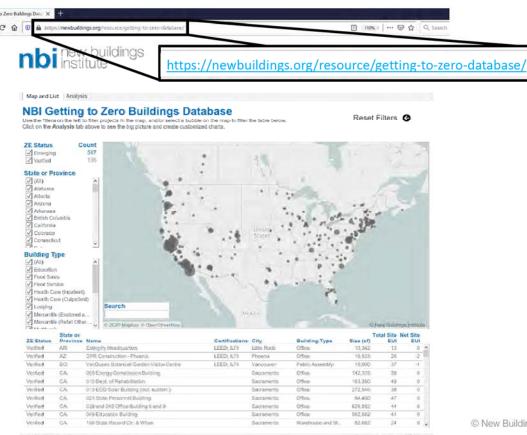


The Getting to Zero Database

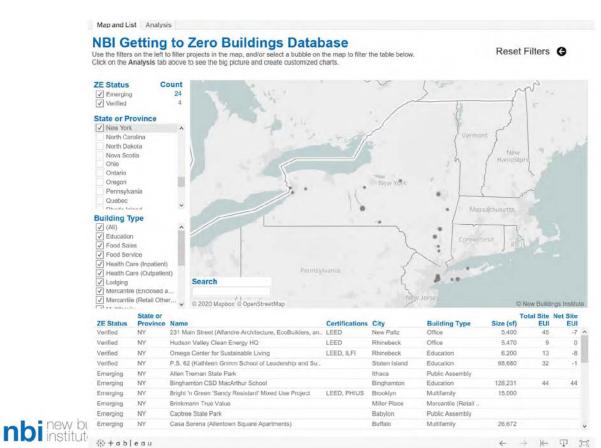
Live and Interactive List, Maps, and Analytics



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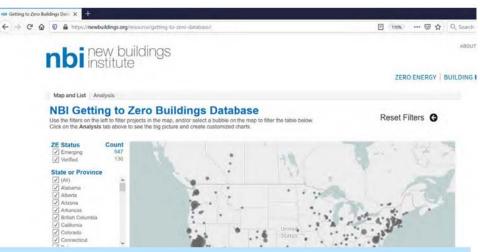






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Please do **Use** and **Share** NBI GTZ Database graphics in reports, presentations, etc. in your work to help more projects Get to Zero!

Be sure to credit graphics properly when you use GTZ content:

Source: New Buildings Institute, September 2020 (or ...)



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Verified	CA	106 State Record Ctr. & Whee	Secramento	Warehouse and St.,	82,682	24	0 .
Verified	CA	049 Education Building	Sacramento	Office	562,582	41	0
Verified	CA	039 and 045 Office Building 8 and 9	Sacramento	Office	628.592	44	0
Verified	CA	021 State Personnel Building	Sacramento	Office	84,400	47	0

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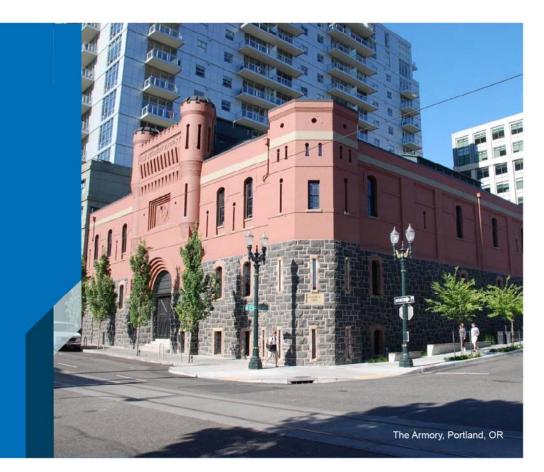
Your building has been discussed, designed, modeled, permitted, built, inspected, tested, operated, measured and monitored.

Now take your place as a **#ZeroHero** and add it to NBI's Getting to Zero Database.

newbuildings.org/project-registry/



Policy Trends







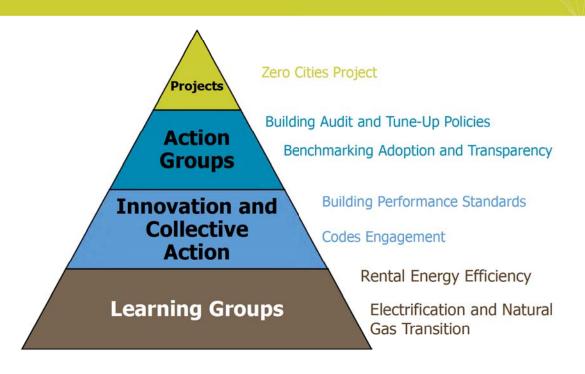
ABOUT USDN





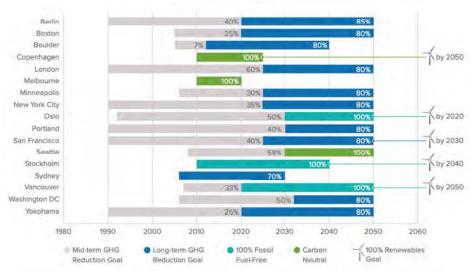
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ABOUT USDN



GHG AMBITIONS

CNCA Cities' Long-Term and Interim GHG Reduction Targets



CNCA: Framework for Long-term Deep Carbon Reduction Planning
USDN.org

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GHG AMBITIONS

CVCTTA	PERCENTAGE OF C40 CITIES WITH "STRONG POWER" TO				
SYSTEM	Own/Operate	Set/Enforce Policies	Control Budget	Set Vision	
Energy Supply	27%	32%	15%	25%	
Energy Efficiency	57%	68%	29%	39%	
Transportation	53%	54%	35%	44%	
Waste Management	53%	56%	35%	44%	

Source: C40, "Powering Climate Action" hyperlink: http://c40-production-images.s3.amazonaws.com/other_uploads/images/295_Powering_Climate_Action_ Full_Report.original.pdf?1435760139

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POLICY ACTION

Benchmarking

USDN.org

POLICY ACTION

Benchmarking

Advance Action in New Construction

Advance Action in Existing Buildings

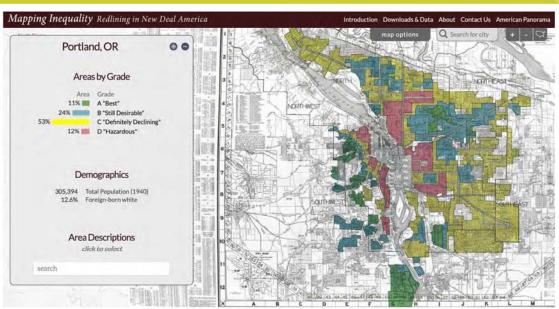
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ZERO CITIES PROJECT

- · Collaboration centering equity and building decarbonization
- 11 cities and community-based organizations across the U.S. from 2017-2020
- Showcase emerging, representative trends



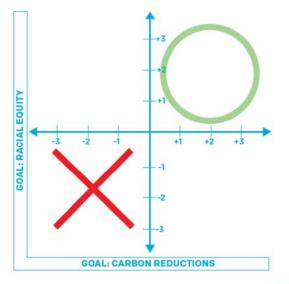
EXISTING BUILDINGS - FOCUS ON EQUITY



For More: https://www.portland.gov/bps/history-racist-planning-portland

EXISTING BUILDINGS: FOCUS ON EQUITY

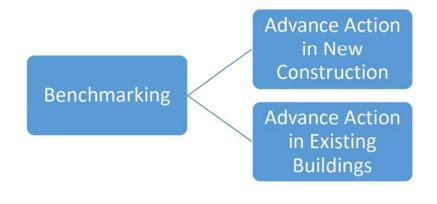
USDN Equity Assessment Tool



- Community Engagement
- Gentrification and Displacement
- Energy Cost Burden on People of Color
- Economic Prosperity for People of Color
- Substandard Housing and Exposure to Health Risk
- Geographic Location and Environmental Risk

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EXISTING BUILDINGS: ENSURING PERFORMANCE





Exploration in 10+ other cities

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NEW CONSTRUCTION - CODES

- Increasing interest in codes as pathway to guarantee emissions reductions
- Stretch code support and using codes to define performance targets
- Growing interest in voting in codes and future codes changes



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NEW CONSTRUCTION – ELECTRIFICATION

- Growing interest supporting the electrification of new construction through incentive and policy. Retrofit interest increasing in certain climate zones
- Growing number of all-electric zoning provisions and interest natural gas phaseout
- Growing interest in local governments participation at regulatory/state-level to support electrification



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https://www.usdn.org/projects/zero -cities-project.html#/

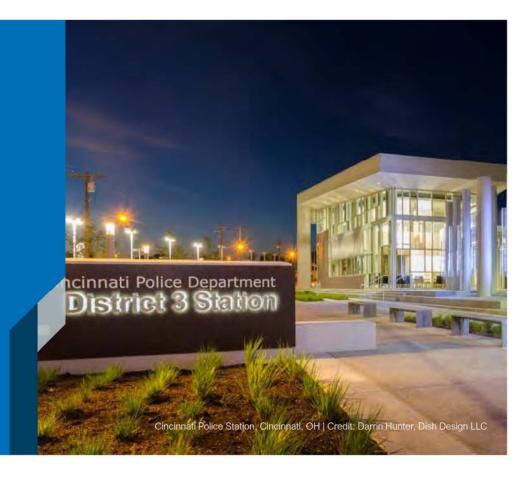
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Discussion Q & A

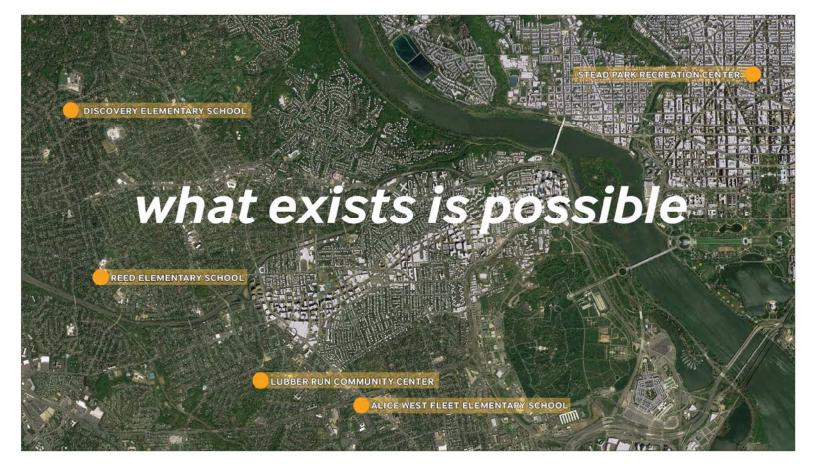


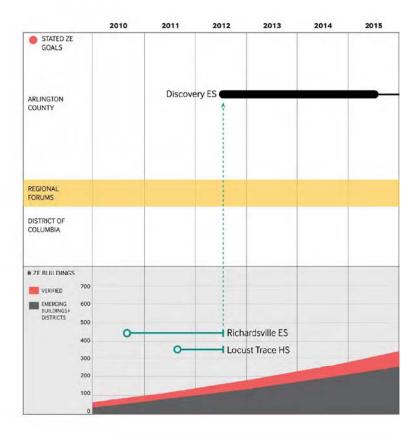


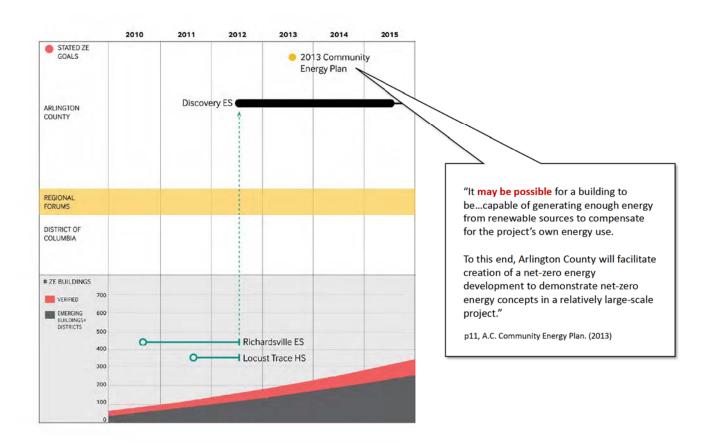
Case Studies







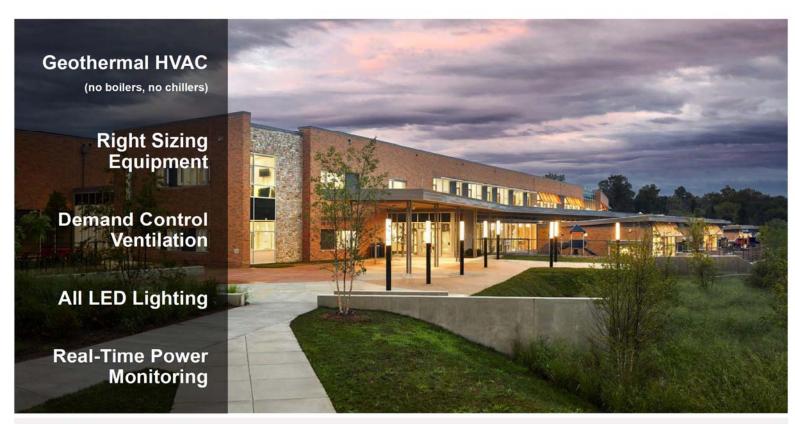






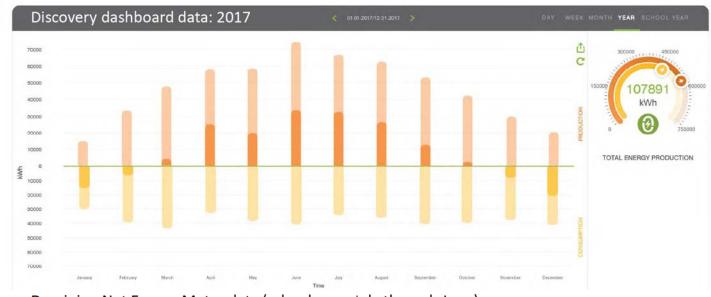
Discovery Opened in 2015

VMDO



2015: Discovery Elementary School

VMDO



Dominion Net Energy Meter data (school year: July through June)

FY 2017: (95,538 kWh) FY 2018: (66,881 kWh)

FY 2019: 1,677 kWh due to heavy rains from Fall 2018 - Spring 2019

Discovery dashboard: 107,891 kWh net positive in 2017 calendar year

OCIMV

Capital Investment

Bid \$2 Million under budget

(with PV array and 2 turf fields)

\$32,710,130 Final hard costs <u>at close-out</u> in 2016

\$333 / sf all in

\$300 / sf w/o PV array and 2 turf fields

Returned \$900K in project costs to SB at close-out

\$100K to \$118K of annual cost avoidance in total utility costs







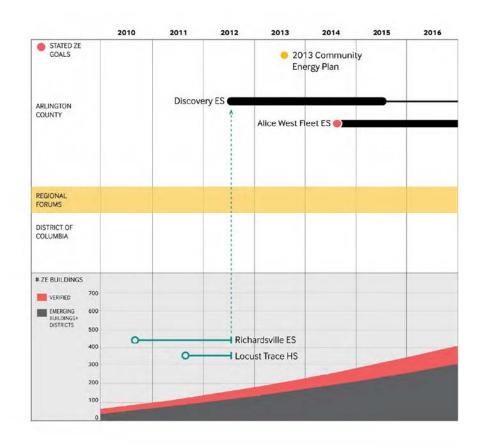
ANNUAL COST OF OWNERSHIP

\$0.11/SF

Discovery Elementary

\$1.32/SF

Average APS Elementary

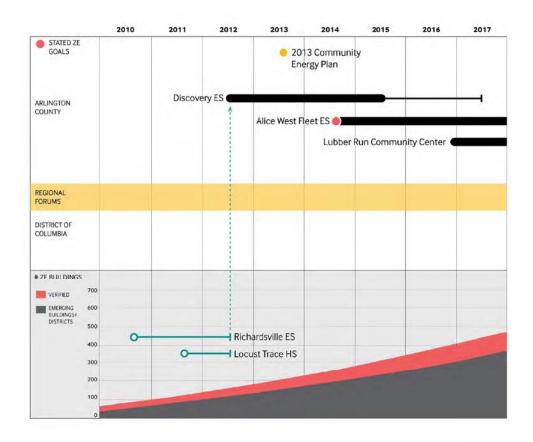




Fleet Elementary opened 2019 with PV via PPA \$236/sf; \$335/sf building only V N I) ()

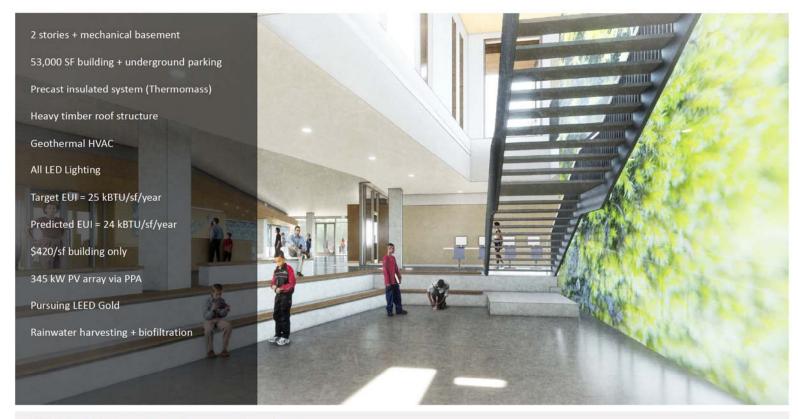


2019 - Fleet Elementary School



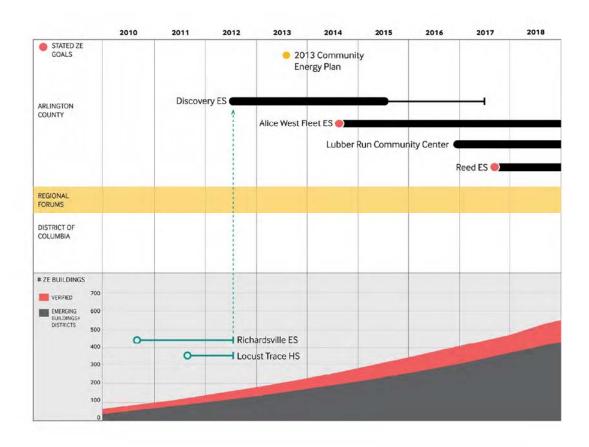


2020 - Lubber Run Recreation Center



2020 - Lubber Run Recreation Center

VMDO





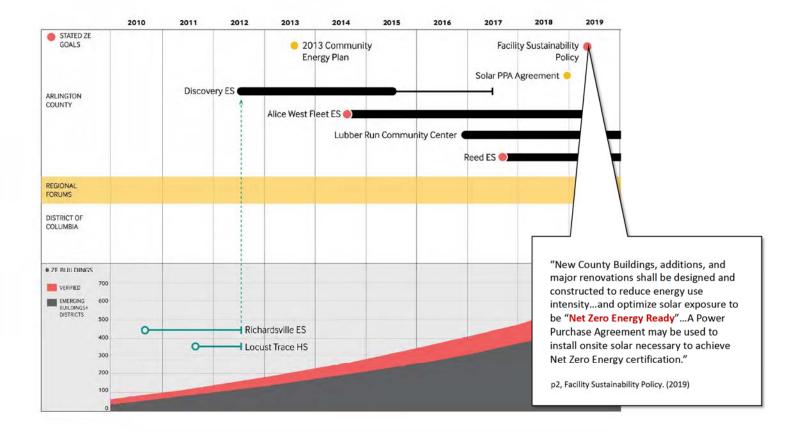
New Elementary at Westover/Reed site opening in 2021

\$382/sf GMP

VMDO



2021 - New Elementary School at Westover / Reed



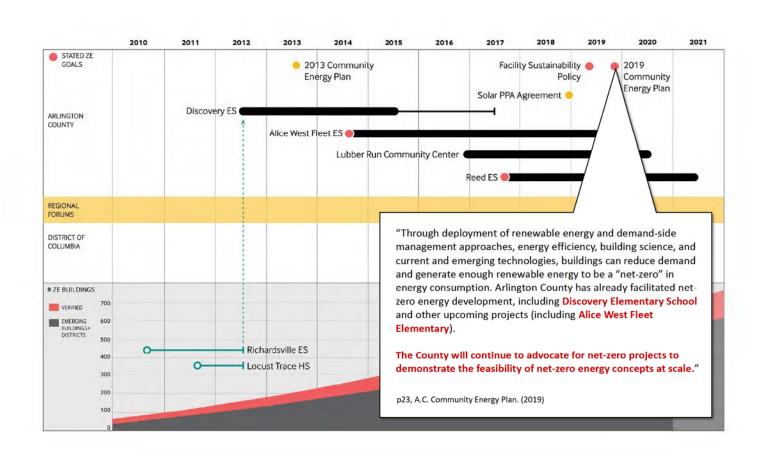
- Integrate learning, design, sustainable design, and environmental stewardship so that it supports and enhances student learning and student success
- Deliver a balanced design that achieves Zero Energy status as defined by the United States Department of Energy
- Meet these measurable high performance criteria
 - o Maximum Energy Use Intensity (EUI): 21
 - o On-site renewable energy generation that exceeds the EUI via a solar photovoltaic array
 - o Overall minimum insulation R-values: 30-roof, 25-wall, 10-under-slab
 - o Thermally broken windows with insulated glass
 - o Glazing percentage: 35-40%
 - o Airtightness: 0.15 cfm/sf
 - HVAC System: ground source heat pump with dedicated outdoor air system
 - Lighting System: all LED
- Provide building systems that are durable, straightforward to operate/control, and are easily maintained
- Consider Indoor Air Quality, Thermal/Acoustic/Visual Comfort, and Universal Design standards beyond the minimums required by building code

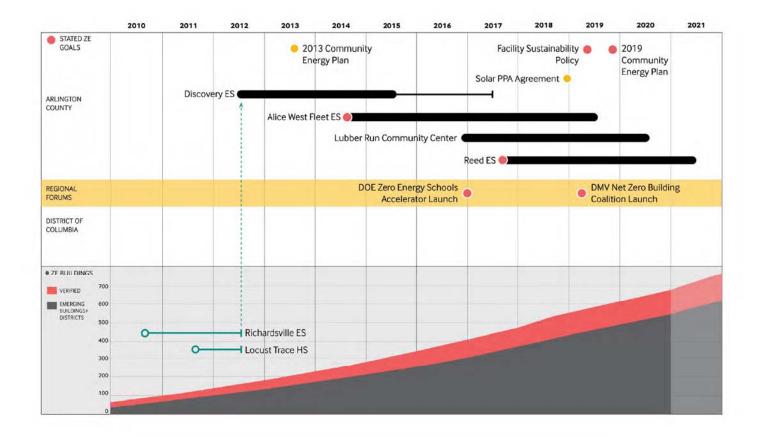
RFP Req's: LEED RFP Req's: Zero Energy

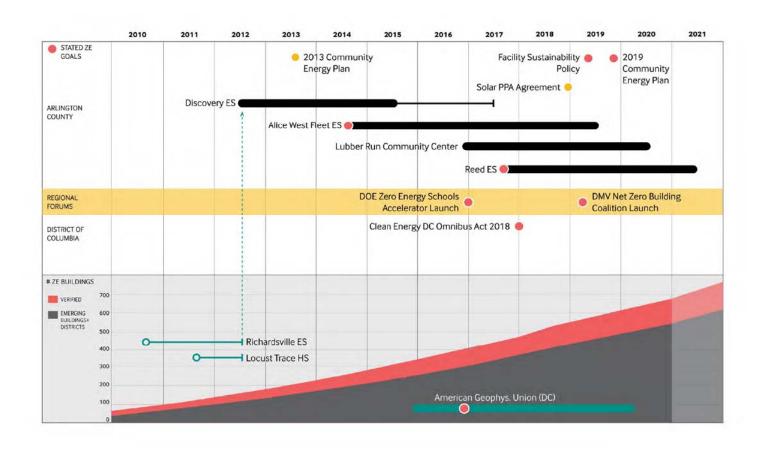
2012	Discovery ES	Silver Min. (2009)	Nothing on Zero Energy
2014	Fleet ES	Silver Min. (v4)	Zero Energy Goal
2017	Reed ES	Silver Min. (v4)	Zero Energy Requirement + specific targets for EUI, envelope, HVAC

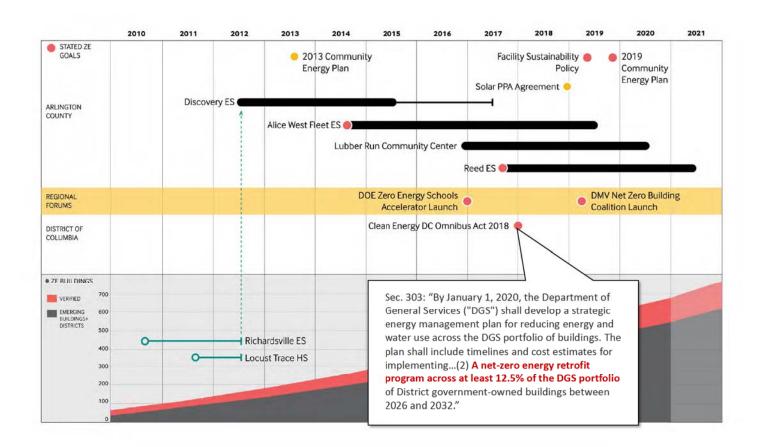
Evolving RFP Language: 2012 - 2017

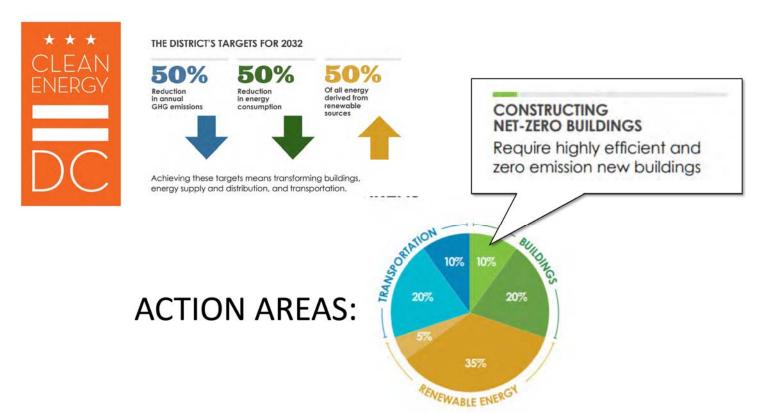
VMDO

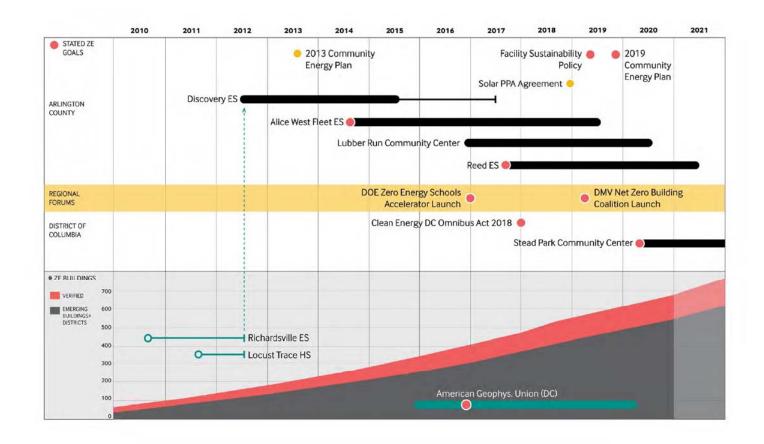














Stead Park Community Center opening in 2022

Keys to Transforming Markets

VMDO



Develop long-term relationships with key decision-makers

VMDO



Demonstrate how new buildings can be Zero Energy Ready...within current construction budgets.

VMDO



Leverage successful projects and happy clients



Educate, educate, educate

VMDO

Work with municipalities to incorporate ZE criteria into their policies, RFPs and Codes.

GETTING TO ZERO MARKET LANDSCAPE

Technology + Technique

New Buildings Institute September 24, 2020

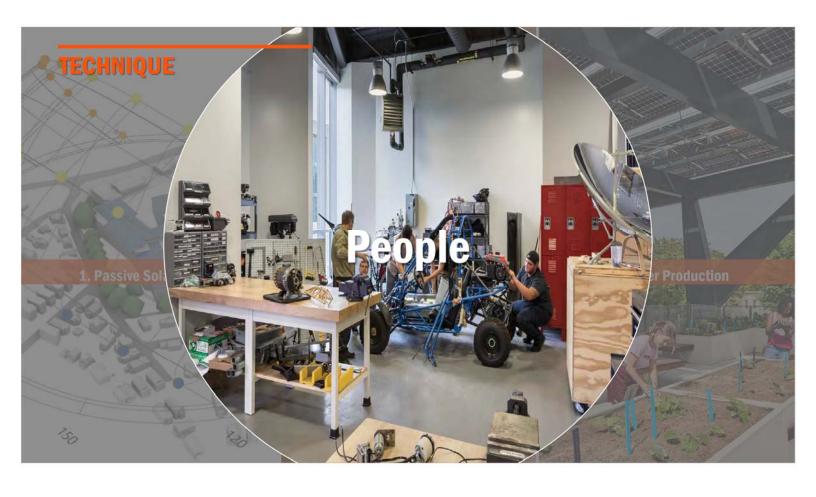
Dan Arons AIA, LEED d.arons @ perkinseastman.com

PERKINS —
EASTMAN



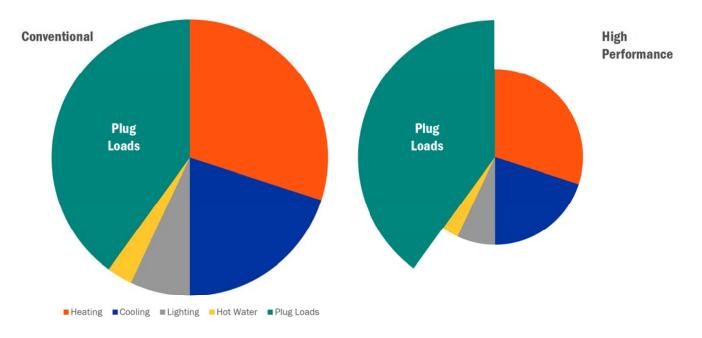






THE POWER FACTOR

ENERGY COMPONENTS



PERKINS EASTMAN 83

INDOOR ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY



Distribution

Glare

THERMAL COMFORT

- Air Temperature
- Humidity
- Radiant Temperature
- Thermal Imaging

ACOUSTICS

- Background Noise
- Occupied Noise





PERKINS EASTMAN

TOBIN MONTESSORI/VASSAL LANE SCHOOLS

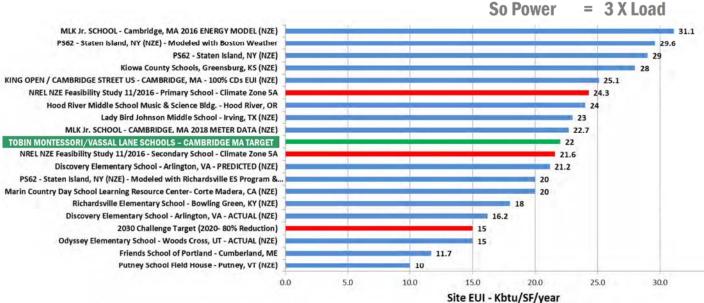
NZE CONCEPT



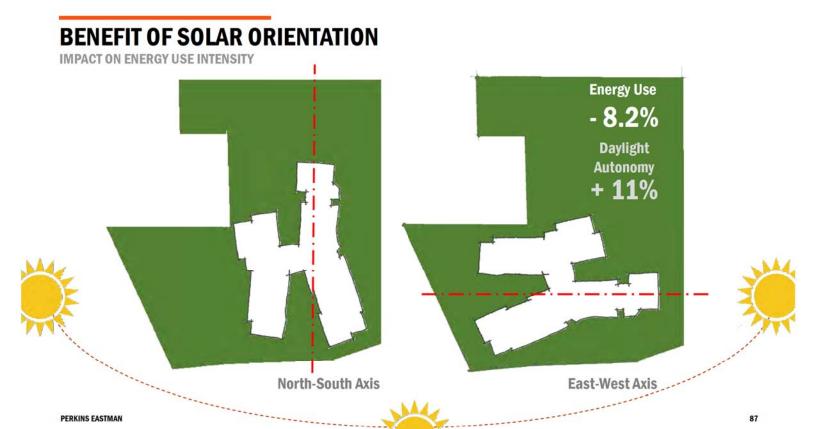
TOBIN MONTESSORI/VASSAL LANE SCHOOLS

EUI BENCHMARKING VS NZE SCHOOLS

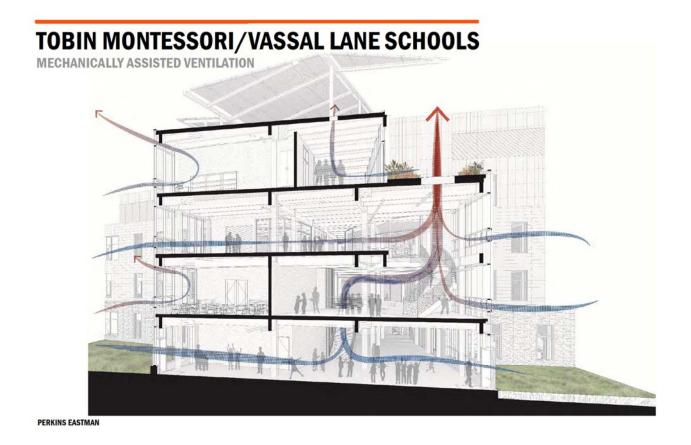
Load = 22 kbtu/sf-yr
PV Power = 66 kbtu/sf-yr
So Power = 2 X Load



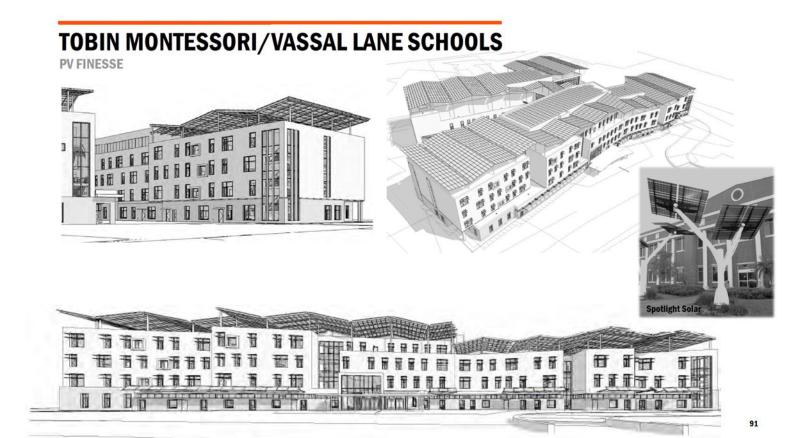
PERKINS EASTMAN AKF 86





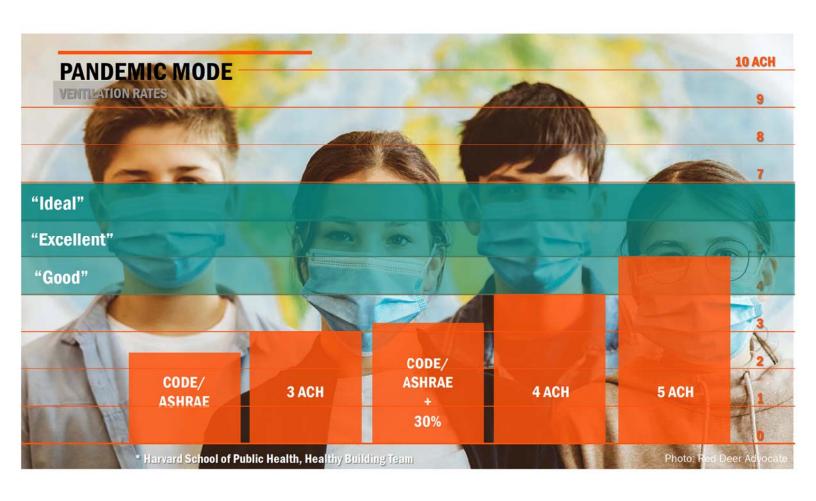


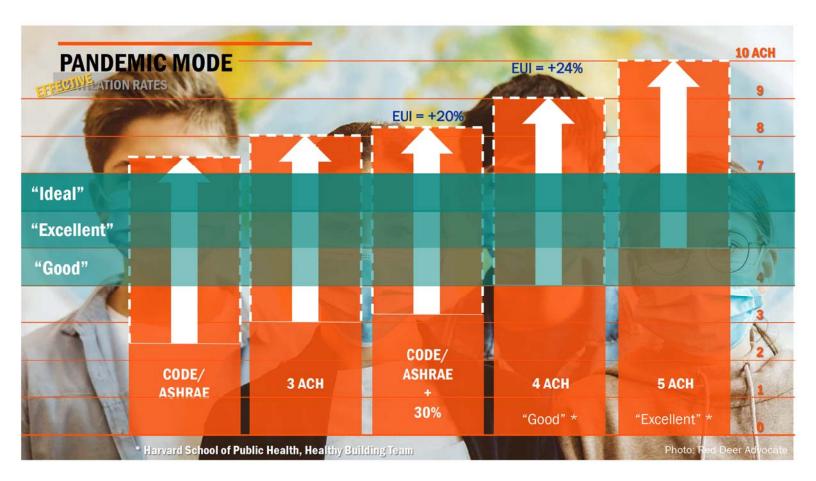














PROJECT PRIORITIES

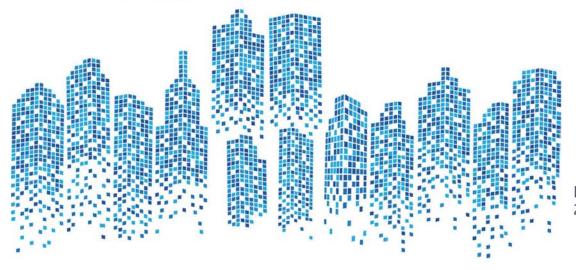
- High Performance Education healthy, vibrant, effective
- Low Energy, Low Carbon Building including passive solar and hybrid wood structure
- Maximum Power Production
 "Power and Finesse" for building, façade and site
- Sustainable, Educational Site Integration ecological landscape and materials, rainwater reuse

PERKINS —





ASHRAE's New Headquarters: Applying Sustainable Development Principles in the Real World





Darryl K. Boyce, P.Eng. 2019-20 ASHRAE President

Existing ASHRAE Headquarters



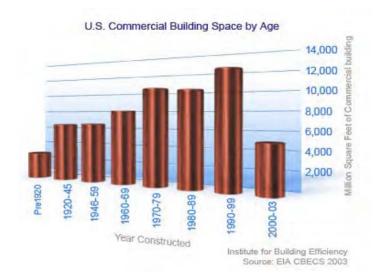


- 1791 Tullie Circle NE, Atlanta, GA
- 35,000 sq. ft. building 2 stories with learning center on 1st level
- Renovated in 2008 to LEED Platinum level
- Sold to CHOA in 2018

New ASHRAE Headquarters



- 180 Technology Parkway, Peachtree Corners, GA
- 66,000 sq. ft. building 3 stories
- Built in 1970's
- Purchased in Dec. 2018



PROJECT GOAL

In developed economies, at least half of the buildings that will be in use in 2050 have already been built. According to a recent survey by the U.S. Energy Information Agency, 72 percent of floorstock in the U.S., or 46 billion square feet, belongs to buildings over twenty years old.

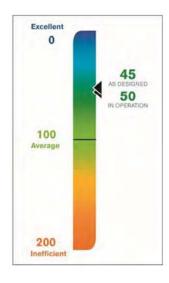
Project Goal:

To renovate a 1970's building into a high-performing net-zero-ready facility in a cost-effective method that can be replicated in the industry.

Owner's Project Requirements (OPR)

Item	OPR	Actual
ASHRAE 189.1-2017	Exceed Requirements	
Demand Side Site Energy Consumption	21.4 kBTU/SF/year 15 kBTU/SF/year (stretch)	
Water Efficiency	Obtain 11 of 11 LEED Water Use Efficiency Points	
Daytime Plug Load	0.04 W/SF	
Acoustics	Exceed requirements by 3-5 NC/RNC	
Outside Air Rate	1.3 times ASHRAE 62.1	
Outside Air Control	Demand Control Ventilation (DCV) for high occupancy spaces	
Daylighting	Majority of Occupants achieve generous daylighting 55% of the time	
Resiliency	Achieve resiliency in OPR	

OWNER PROJECT REQUIREMENTS



Certification Programs Considered

- LEED
- Green Globes
- WELL Building
- FitWel
- Living Building Challenge
- ASHRAE Building EQ



ASHRAE STANDARDS we must meet or exceed...

ANSI/ASHRAE/IES Standard 90.1-2016

ANSI/ASHRAE 55-2017

ANSI/ASHRAE 62.1-2016

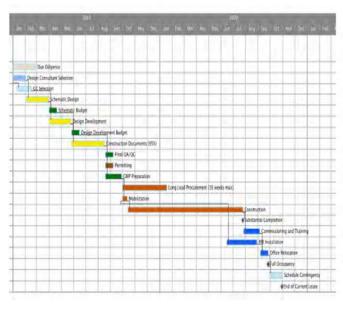
ASHRAE Standard 189.1-2017

ASHRAE Guideline 0-2013

ASHRAE Guideline 1-2017

ASHRAE Thermal Guidelines for Data Processing Environments
ASHRAE Advanced Energy Design Guide for Zero Energy Office Buildings

Schedule Constraints



Jan., 2019: Design Team Selection

Feb., 2019: Construction Manager Selection

April 1, 2019: Schematic Design Complete

May 15, 2019: Design Development Complete

August 1, 2019: Construction Documents Complete

Sept. 15, 2019 – Start Construction Phase

August 15, 2020 – Construction Complete

August - Sept., 2020 - Commissioning Efforts

October 2020 – Full Occupancy



Request for Proposal for Planning and Design Services

ASHRAE

New Headquarters Building Peachtree Corners, GA

January 4, 2019

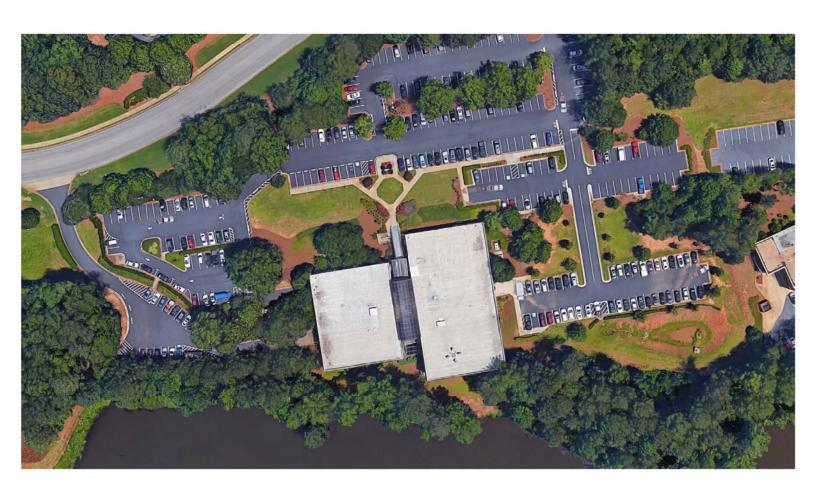
TABLE OF CONTENTS

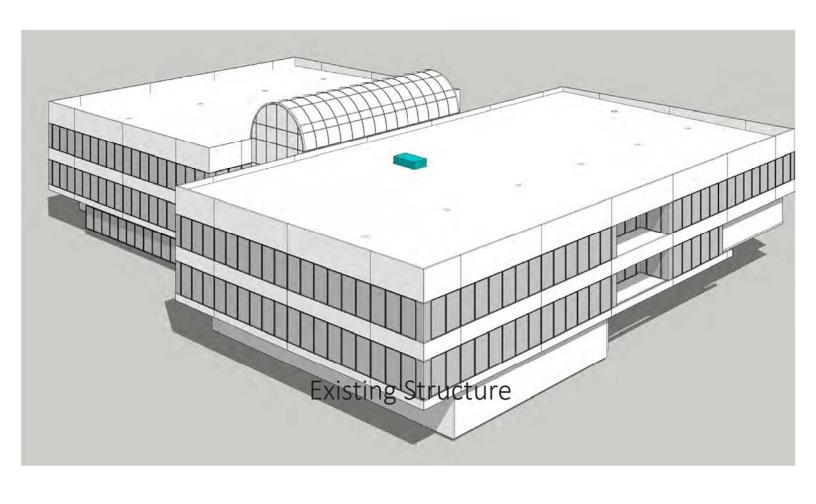
- 1. Introduction and Project Description
- 2. Proposal Requirements 3. Instructions

HOW DO WE ACHIEVE OUR PROJECT GOAL?

- Set Construction Budget: \$10,905,000 (\$165/sq. ft. minus donations & PV)
- · Total project budget including purchase of the property and fitup: \$20,000,000.
- Set Project Schedule: Must move in by Oct. 2020
- Set Project Criteria: Owner Project Requirements were set
- · Hire a competent team!

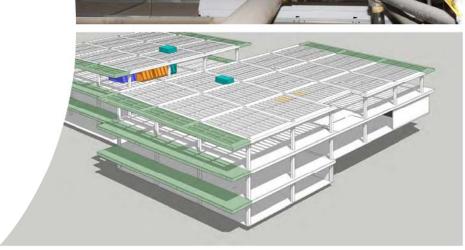








Frame



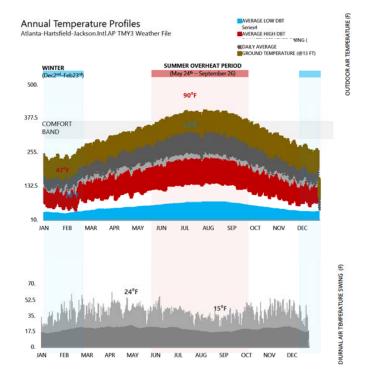


Annual Air & Ground Temperature Profiles

Key Climate Factors: Atlanta Georgia

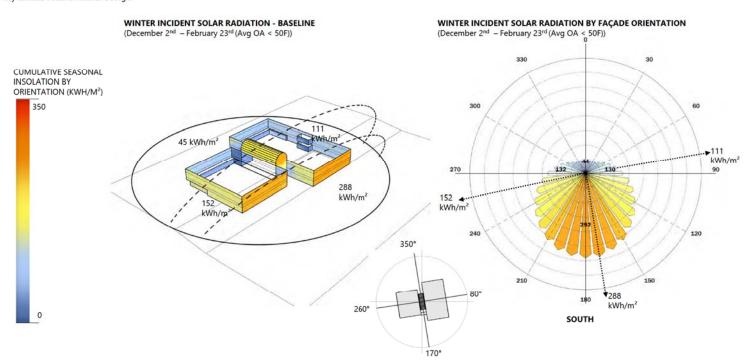
Key Climate Design Drivers

- Summer: May to September (Avg. OA>70°F)
 - Extreme Hot Week Period: Jul 6 Jul 12, Maximum Temp= 98.06F (36.7C). Future climate to be accounted for.
 - Exterior shading beneficial May-September gains and enable low-energy passive cooling strategies.
- Winter: December to February (Avg. OA < 50°F)
 Extreme Cold Week Period : Jan 6 to Jan 12, Minimum Temp= 8.96F (-12.8C)
 - Leverage passive solar gains through south-facing façade fenestration to offset supplemental heating requirements.
- **Diurnal Swing**: Average Diurnal swing between 15-24°F suggests an opportunity to leverage thermal mass to reduce peak indoor temperatures, reduce cooling energy, and improve occupant thermal comfort.
- **Ground and Water Temperatures:** Relatively stable ground (and Lake) temperatures suggest a potential heat source and sink for the HVAC system.



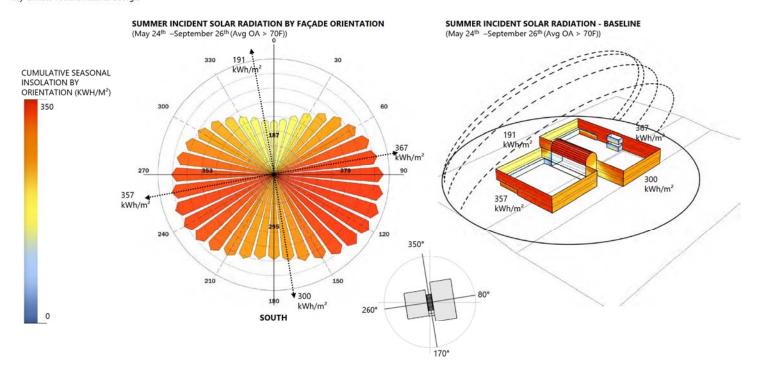
Incident Solar Radiation - WINTER

Key Climate Factors: Atlanta Georgia



Incident Solar Radiation - SUMMER

Key Climate Factors: Atlanta Georgia



Adding Solar PV

System Size

331.88 kW DC



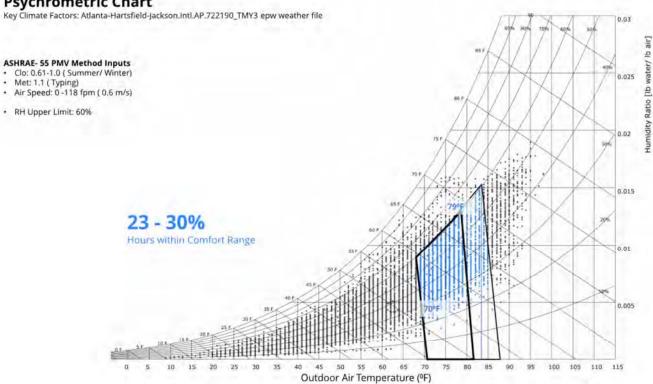
Capacity:

- 250kW AC
- Capped by Georgia Power Net Metering

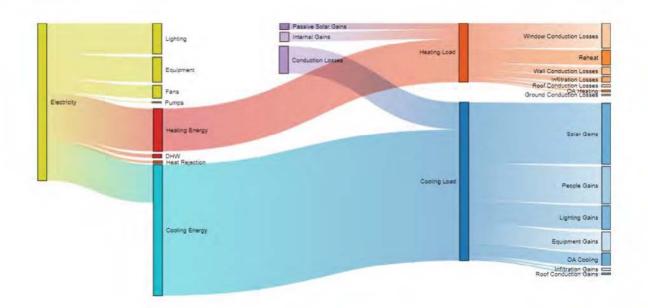
Costs:

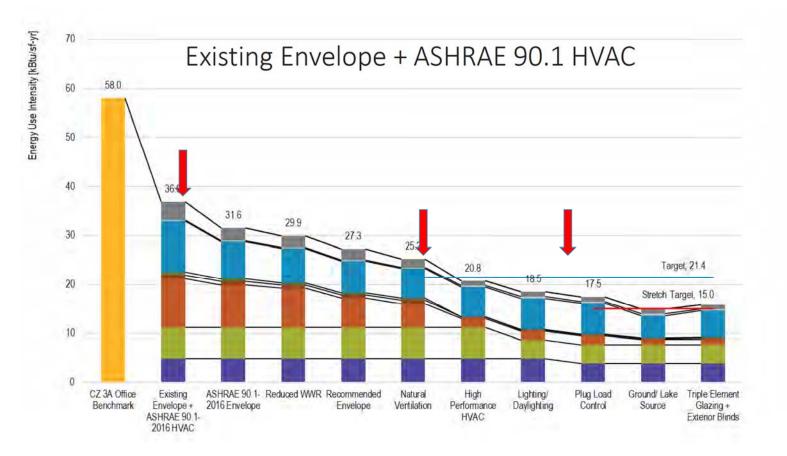
- PV \$500,000
- Site \$50,000
- Total \$550,000





Energy Use Characterization ASHRAE Headquarters





Primary Envelope Factors

- Window to Wall Ratios (WWR)
- Important to define the optimum area of openings relative to achieving daylight autonomy goals, as well as maximize the thermal efficiency of the wall.
- Air Infiltration and Insulation
- Where was the optimal R-Value for each part of the exterior envelope and how were we containing air infiltration.

 ASHRAE

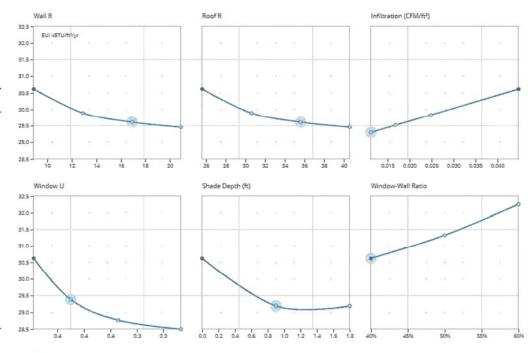
Envelope Sensitivity Analysis

ASHRAE Headquarters

Preliminary envelope performance targets based on point of diminishing Energy Use Intensity (EUI) savings shown at right:

Parameter	Existing Performance	ASHRAE 90.1-2016	Recommended
Wall	U-0.3	U-0.122	U-0.058
Assembly	(R-3.0)	(R-8.0)	(R-17)
Roof	U0.047	U-0.039	U-0.028
Assembly	(R-21)	(R-25)	(R-35)
Window	U-0.59	U-0.45	U-0.40
Assembly	SHGC-0.52	SHGC-0.25	SHGC-0.25
Window to Wall Ratio	~50%	40%	40%
External Shade Depth	N/A	N/A	(to be further optimized for visual, thermal comfort)
Infiltration	0.025	0.045	0.011
	cfm/ft ²	cfm/ft ²	cfm/ft²





Interactive Graph: https://www.elementa.nyc/projects/ashrae/

High Performance Envelope Insulation, Air Tight Construction, External Shades, **Daylighting** New skylight External shades to reflect daylight 30 24.8 25 20 ANNUAL SITE ENERGY USE INTENSITY (KBTU/FT²/YEAR) Recommended Envelope R17 Walls | R35 Roof U-0.4 | SHGC-0.25 ~50" -32% WWR (30% E/W, 40% N/S) BASELINE DESIGN RECOMMENDED ENVELOPE

Recommended

Construction Photos – August 2020





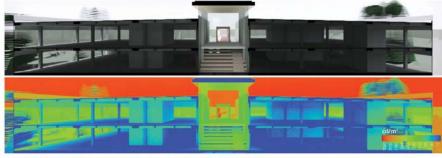
Final Window Wall Ratios



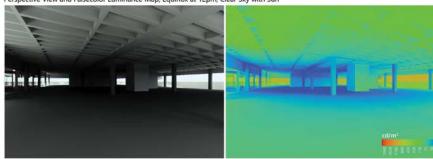
EXISTING RIBBON WINDOWS AND EXISTING GLASS

DAYLIGHT PATTERNS

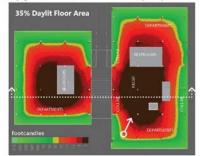
Section View and Falsecolor Luminance Map, Equinox at 12pm, Clear Sky with Sun



Perspective View and Falsecolor Luminance Map, Equinox at 12pm, Clear Sky with Sun



Daylight Illuminance, Uniform Overcast Sky – Top Floor



Daylight Illuminance, Uniform Overcast Sky – Mid Floor



Short Windows, 18 Skylights

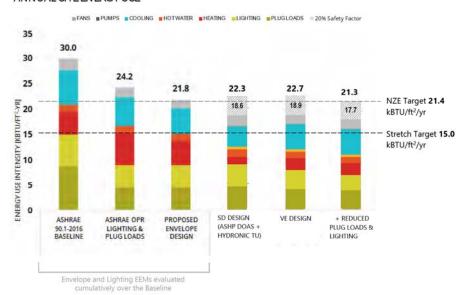
57%

Percentage of regularly occupied work spaces on the upper level with useful daylight illuminance (>300 lux) at the work plane



Path to NZE Update

ANNUAL SITE EN ERGY USE



CHANGES TO THE 100% SD DESIGN

- · Insulation removed at overhang
- · 3" New Roof Insulation in lieu of 4": R-30 assembly
- · Existing Atrium to remain
- · Skylights removed
- Detailed thermal zoning added to model based on latest floor plan
- Internal gains & diversities updated based on latest floor plan
- · HVAC updated to match latest design

TAKEAWAYS

- · 50% increase in heating energy
- · 25% increase in cooling energy
- · Atrium alone accounts for 15% of EUI
- With 20% safety factor, current design is above NZE target

HVAC Concept Overview

Process

- Demand more from the building envelope both thermally and tightness - Architect
- 2. Demand more from the building occupants in terms of plug loads and day lighting Owner
- Utilize high efficiency systems to reduce energy demands (hydronic vs. airside, DOAS) -Engineer
- Right size equipment based on these demands

 Accountability Required
- Provide flexible and systems which provide exemplary environmental comfort

HVAC Concept Overview

Resulting System Needs

- · Hydronic Systems reduce energy Radiant
- Smaller, modular control control valves and ceiling fans vs VAV terminal units and ductwork
- Simultaneous heating and cooling Heat Pump and/or heat recovery machines
- Decouple temperature from humidity DOAS
- Recover energy whenever possible

System Overview

Outdoor Air Cooled Modular Heat Pump

Staged Pumping

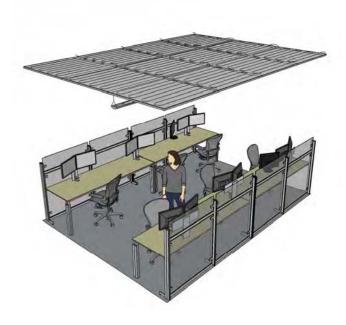
Air Cooled DOAS decoupled from waterside systems

WSHP for transient or potentially humid spaces utilize CHWR.

Overhead Radiant Panels for heating/cooling at exterior zones, cooling only at interior zones.

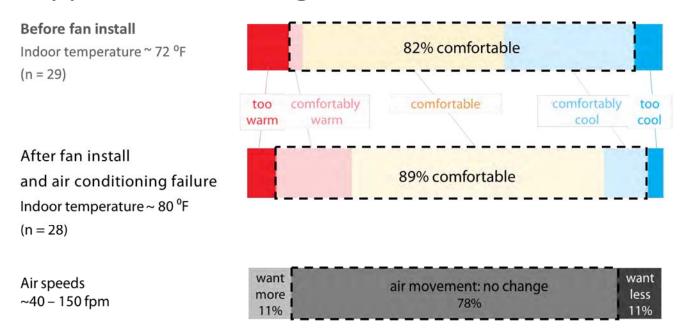
Ceiling Fans to induce cooling and improve environmental comfort.

Overhead Radiant Systems

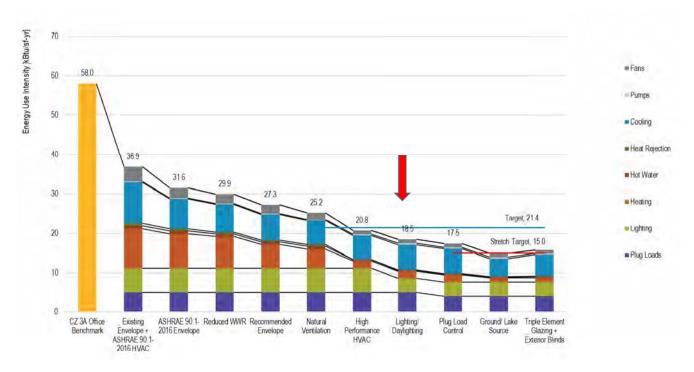


- Radiant Panels form clouds above the occupied spaces
- All heating and cooling in these spaces are provided by the panels.
- Ventilation is cool/neutral temperature air delivered directly to the space and not directly responsible for temperature control within the zone.

Supplemental Ceiling Fans



Overhead Radiant Systems



Interior Lobby



Staff Common Room



Owner's Project Requirements (OPR)

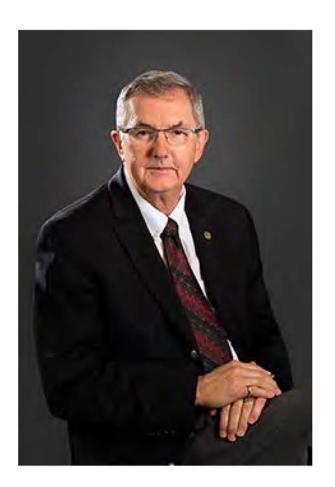
Item	OPR	Actual
ASHRAE 189.1-2017	Exceed Requirements	Achieved?
Demand Side Site Energy Consumption	21.4 kBTU/SF/year 15 kBTU/SF/year (stretch)	18.5 kBTU/SF/year
Water Efficiency	Obtain 11 of 11 LEED Water Use Efficiency Points	Unknown, LEED rating not sought
Daytime Plug Load	0.04 W/SF	Achieved?
Acoustics	Exceed requirements by 3-5 NC/RNC	Achieved?
Outside Air Rate	1.3 times ASHRAE 62.1	1.3 times achieved?
Outside Air Control	Demand Control Ventilation (DCV) for high occupancy spaces	Achieved?
Daylighting	Majority of Occupants achieve generous daylighting 55% of the time	57% on upper level >300 lux 23% on middle level >300 lux
Resiliency	Achieve resiliency in OPR	Achieved?

Lessons Learned

- Understanding the local Market Capabilities
- Condition Assessment & Building Infrastructure Systems
 - ➤ Plumbing System Replacement
 - > Electrical System Replacement
 - >Fire Protection System Replacement
- Scope of Envelope Improvement needed to meet EUI
- Value of Expertise
 - > Engagement of individuals with knowledge important
 - ➤ When that knowledge was held back, the project suffered

Lessons Learned

- Understand The Utilities approach to onsite generation
- Strong engagement of the owner's representatives and the implementation team at the design development stage
- The importance of setting project goals in the OPR early before the design team was selected.
- Earlier involvement of the Sub Contractors would have improved the implementation.



Questions:

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Discussion Q & A



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Join us for another webinar this Fall

Planning and Design for Getting to Zero in Schools October 8, 10-11:00 am PDT

Electrify for a New Tomorrow | October 20, 9-10:30 am PDT part of Sustainable Buildings Week in Portland, OR

Best of the Forum Webinar

Technologies: What We Have, What We Need

October 29, 10- 11:00 am PDT

Find links to register for these sessions at newbuildings.org/event/



Thank you!

You will receive an email tomorrow with links to the on demand recording and a PDF of the slides.



